NICOSIA (R) - The Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Wednesday claimed responsibility for an artillery attack on a village in northern Israel Tuesday. The PLO News Agency WAFA, monitored in Nicosia, quoted a Palestinian military spokesman as saying that "Palestinian fighters inside the occupied territories shelled enemy positions near the settlement of Zarit in northern Palestine with heavy artillery." The Israeli army said Tuesday two katyusha rockets had fallen near Zarit, 1.5 kilometres into Israel from Lebanon, but caused neither damage

Volume 8 Number 2173

AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY JANUARY 27-28, 1983 — RABIA THANI 13-14, 1403

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

2 Gulf ministers hint of oil price cuts

ABU DHABI (R) - Two Gulfoil ministers Wednesday hinted the region's exporters might soon cut their prices to meet the crisis that has followed the breakdown of OPEC's talks in Geneva this week. United Arab Emirates (UAE) Minister Mana Said Al Oteiba said his country faced huge financial problems because of falling oil revenue and had to increase its production. "I have warned that we may resort to the last medicine... This is what I see in front of my eyes," he told Abu Dhabi Radio and Television, according to an advance text obtained by Reuters. Kuwaiti Oil Minister Ali Khalifa Al Sabah told reporters in Kuwait: "We will abide by OPEC prices if other states stop giving discounts on their oil prices."

3 Arabs on trial for shooting Israeli ambassador

LONDON (R) - Three Arabs

went on trial Wednesday accused of attempting to murder Israeli ambassador Shlomo Argov outside London's Dorchester Hotel last June. The June 3 shooting was followed by Israeli air strikes against Palestinian targets in Beirut and -- three days later -- by Israel's invasion of Lebanon. The prosecution said Hassein Said, 23, Marwan Al Banna, 20, and Nauoff Rosan, 36, were members of the Palestine Liberation Movement, a Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) splinter group, who chose Mr. Argov as the target of an attack. Prosecutor Roy Amlot said it was Mr. Said who shot Mr. Argov as he stepped into his car after a dinner party at the hotel. The bullet passed right through Mr. Argov's skull causing severe brain damage, Mr. Amlot said, adding there was no prospect of the ambassador returning from Israel to give evidence.

Soviet emigration to West declines

MOSCOW (R) - Emigration of Germans and Armenians from the Soviet Union fell sharply last year, and figures for January showed no change in the trend. Western consular officials said Wednesday. They said the monthly rate of visa approvals for all two groups, which make up the majority of Soviet emigres, had consistently declined since early last year. The number of ethnic Germans allowed to leave for West Germany slumped from more than 3,500 to 1,958.

Thousands of Ethiopians escape from drought

ADDIS ABABA (R) - The inhabitants of the droughtstricken Wollo region north of Addis Ababa, are abandoning their homes and property and flocking to the town of Koreb at the rate of 150 a day to seek relief aid, the Ethiopian Relief and Rehabilitation Commission (RRC) said Wednesday. According to the agency, a total of 7,120 adults and 5,540 children seeking relief aid have arrived in Koreb over the last two months.

Zurich police crack down on drugs

ZURICH (R) - Police cracking down on Zurich's growing drug trade, which has claimed eight lives already this year, have warned addicts that a very pure brand of heroin which increases the danger of lethal overdoses is in circulation. In a raid on a favourite meeting point for young people on the banks of the river Limmat Tuesday, they arrested 12 people for drug offences and questioned 52 more. The meeting-point has become a popular haunt since a youth centre, the focal point of sporadic riots in 1980 and 1981, was buildozed by city authorities last year. Police narcotics experts said the very pure heroin on sale was particularly dangerous for addicts used to injecting weaker doses of the drug.

Arafat: Palestinian unity is very strong

the enemy. The Palestinian peo-

ple's struggle will be escalated

despite their departure from

Lebanon," the PLO leader said.

rapid deployment force that will

extend help to the Arab Nation

and to liberation movements, around the world," Mr. Arafat

The PLO leader paid tribute to

the freedom fighters in the

occupied territories and those

that "the Palestinian revolution

will continue until victory is

achieved and independent state of

Palestine with Jerusalem as its

The PLO leaders who failed to

attend the celebrations were Dr.

George Habash of the Popular

Front for the Liberation of Pales-

tine (PFLP), Nayef Hawatmeh of.

the marxist Democratic Front

for the Liberation of Palestine

(DFLP) and Ahmed Jibril of the

Popular Front for the Liberation

of Palestine General Command

East peace proposals to put before

a meeting of the Palestinian

in-exile), due to be held in Algiers

Israel seeks joint military patrols

"We have suggeste." . .

and that he be appointed military

commander in South Lebanon.

"This is a proposal and not a

demand, but it should be made

very clear that Israel will not

abandon Maj. Haddad and leave

reports that a scheduled visit by

Prime Minister Menachem Begin

to Washington next month has

been postponed indefinitely by

"In his last letter to Mr. Begin.

President Reagan said the visit

should still take place when it was

convenient but he mentioned no

specific date. I think it is certain it

will not be in February so we are

waiting for the U.S. to suggest

Israel have been increasingly

strained over what the Americans

see as Israel's unrealistic con-

ditions for withdrawing its forces

Relations between the U.S. and

The official confirmed press

him in the lurch," he added.

integrated into the Lebauca

the official said.

the Americans.

The Palestinian sources said the

(PFLP-GC).

capital, is established."

detained in Israeli jails, pledging

"The Palestinians serve as a

in Aden and Agencies

ADEN — Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) leader Yasser Arafat said here Wednesday that Palestinian national unity under the leadership of the PLO is now stronger than at any other time in the past.

Addressing a rally here to mark not weak nor are we yielding to the 18th anniversary of the Palestinian revolution, Mr. Arafat said: "Those who are trying to spread rumours about the PLO accepting capitulatory resolutions are themselves the enemies of the Palestinian people".

Mr. Arafat was expected to hold crucial talks on Wednesday with other Palestinian leaders to seek backing for his cautious welcome to an American Middle East peace

Palestinian sources said the talks brought together members of the PLO Executive Committee and representatives of PLO commando groups. But it was not clear whether they were attended by the secretaries-general of all eight PLO commando groups. It was reported here that three

radical PLO leaders were conspicuously absent from celebrations Tuesday night to mark the anniversary. Their absence reflected dif-

ferences between Mr. Arafat and his Syrian-backed critics, which could endanger hopes of agreement being reached in Aden, Reuter quoted Middle East analysts as saying. The Zionist danger does not threaten the Palestinian people alone but the whole Arab Nation," Mr. Arafat said.

"We demand peace from a pos-

TEL AVIV (R) - Israel is seek-

ing the right to conduct joint military patrols with the Lebanese

army on Lebanese territory after

an Israeli withdrawal from South

Lebanon, a senior Israeli official

said Wednesday.
In the first official confirmation

of unsourced press reports on such joint patrols, the official told

Reuters they were part of special

security arrangements which

Israel is demanding in South

Lebanon as a condition for with-

Israel also wants to set up three

early warning stations, each man-

ned by a company of about 120

soldiers, inside Lebanon. This

demand has been rejected by

Lebanon and the U.S. as an

infringement of Lebanese

sovereignty.
The official did not say where

the joint patrols might operate or

He also said Israel has proposed

a special role for lthe Lebanese

right-wing Christian militia, led by

Maj. Saad Haddad, which it has

armed and financed for several

how long they might stay after an another date." he said.

drawing its troops.

Israeli withdrawal.

tinian leaders after talks in Aden last month, they added. The declaration rejected any

Middle East peace plan that did not recognise the Palestinians' right to self-determination and a Palestinian homeland. Mr. Arafat has welcomed parts

This could be based on a decla-

ration issued by several Pales-

of President Reagan's peace initiative of last September, which envisages Palestinian home-rule in the Israeli-occupied West Bank and Gaza Strip in association with Jordan. This strained Mr. Arafat's relations with Syria and the Syrian-backed Palestinian groups.

Mr. Arafat said after talks with Jordanian leaders in Amman last month that the PLO and Jordan were agreed on "distinctive and special ties."

Fateh holds meeting

The Palestinian News Agency WAFA, monitored in Nicosia, meanwhile said the central committee of the PLO's largest faction Fateh, which is chaired by Mr. Arafat, held a separate meeting Wednesday morning.
Topics discussed included cur-

rent deployment of PLO forces. relations with Arab states and Jewish democratic movements and future military and political prospects in the occupied territories, the agency added.

Also addressing Wednesday's rally was South Yemen's Presexecutive would still try to work out a joint approach to Middle ident Ali Nasser Mohammad who pledged his country's resources and potential for serving the Palestinian cause. He also National Council (parliamentappealed for stronger Palestinian unity in this critical stage the Arab

Israeli and Lebanese

Israeli town of Kiryat Shmona.

But Israeli officials are pessimistic

about the prospects for real prog-

ress following the failure of the

Planned sub-committee meet-

ings between Lebanese and Israeli

negotiators had to be cancelled

this week when the sides failed to

The official said Mr. Begin

"He replied it was a matter of

asked Mr. Habib why he did not

go to Syria while he was in the

priorities in the negotiations and

he preferred to concentrate on the

Israeli side at the moment," the

"This is one source of friction

between the U.S. and Israel. The

Syrians are putting forward very

tough conditions for a withdrawal

from Lebanon. Yet Mr. Habib is

not even dealing with them. He is

emphasising the differences with

Israel all the time without paying

any heed to Syria," he added.

Habib mission.

agree on a venue.

Middle East last week.

he inursday at the northern

----inning their



His Majesty King Husseln is received by King Baudouin of Belgium upon arrival at Brussels (A.P.



Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor joined by Queen Sofia and Premier Felipe Gonzalez review the guard of honour at Madrid Airport.
(A.P. wirephoto)

Hussein, Noor arrive in Belgium

BRUSSELS (J.T.) - Their European Economic Community Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor arrived here Wednesday to start a three-day official visit to Belgium.

The King will meet with King Baudouin, Prime Minister Wilfried Martens and Foreign Minister Leo Tindemans for talks on Middle East issues and bilateral

His Majesty is also scheduled to meet with the presidents of the

Draper

Gemayel,

BEIRUT (R) - U.S. special

envoy Morris Draper, working for

a foreign forces withdrawal from

Lebanon, met separately Wed-

nesday with President Amin

Gemayel and Foreign Minister

Elie Salem, state radio said. It

U.S.-led efforts to get Israeli,

Syrian and Palestinian forces to

leave appeared near total dead-

lock this week. Lebanese, Israeli

and U.S. negotiators were due to

meet again Thursday at Kiryat

The U.S. embassy said Mr.

Draper would meet General Amir

Drori, commander of Israeli

forces in Lebanon, later Wed-

nesday but refused to say what

The U.S. has protested to Israel

about recent incidents in which it

says Israeli soldiers tried to pass

checkpoints manned by American

State radio said the Lebanese

cabinet would meet Wednesday

night to evaluate the progress of

the troop withdrawal negoti-

At the last tense, inconclusive

session earlier this week at

Khalde, near Beirut, delegates

failed to agree on where and when

a series of subcommittees would

meet.

Marines on the edge of Beirut.

Shmona, northern Israel.

they would discuss.

meets

Salem

and the European Parliament with whom he will discuss current initiatives for establishing peace in the Middle East region.

The King and Queen arrived in Brussels from Madrid after a 24-hour visit to Spain.

They were met upon arrival in the Belgian capital by King Baudouin, Queen Fabula and senior government officials.

Before going to Brussels, King Hussein held a meeting with Spanish Prime Minister Philipe Gonzales. They reviewed the Middle East situation and relations between Jordan and Spain. King

Hussein and Queen Noor arrived in Madrid on Tuesday evening accompanied by Chief of the

Royal Court Ahmad Al Lawzi and the President of the National Planning Council Hanna Odeh.

Mubarak, Cheysson discuss aid to Iraq World for his peace treaty with

PARIS (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak had talks with French External Affairs Minister Claude Chevsson here Wednesday which informed sources said had been expected to cover moves to aid Iraq in its war with

The meeting took place at Paris Orly Airport, where Mr. Mubarak stopped briefly on his way to a visit to Washington for talks with Pres-

The sources said France, which has provided Iraq with military equipment worth \$4 billion over the past two years, was seeking to coordinate further aid through

_ Egypt last November that Iraq must not be defeated in the Gulf war.

to renew ties with Iraq, broken when the late President Anwar Sadat was ostracised by the Arab

Mr. Mubarak has been working

Israel. The thaw in Egyptian-Iraqi

relations was underlined by Iraqi Deputy Premier Tareq Aziz when he met Egyptian Minister of State for Foreign Affairs Boutros Ghali during a visit to Paris earlier this In Washington Mr. Mubarak is

expected to request greater American efforts to end the foreexpand the Middle East peace process in talks with President Reagan here Thursday. Both Egyptian and American

relations with Israel are severely mine! or the continuing pre-... ice of Israeli troops in Lebanon. more than seven months after the

invasion began. Mr. Mubarak, making his second visit to Washington in less than a year, has made clear that he is looking to the United States for

Badran briefs Cabinet

AMMAN (Petra) - Leaders of the four Arab states in the Gulf region which His Majesty King Hussein visited in the past week have voiced support for the Jordanian-Palestinian dialogue and their joint endeavours to resolve the Palestine problem. Prime Minister Mudar Badran said here Wednesday. Mr. Badran who has speaking at ne

regular cabinet meeting said that King Hussein's assessment of the political situation in the region was identical to those of the Arab leaders he visited. The prime minister briefed the

cabinet on the outcome of King Hussein's tour which included Kuwait, Bahrain, Oatar and



.Jordan appoints new ambassador to U.N.

By a Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Jordan's former Ambassador to Switzerland Abdullah Salah has been appointed Jordan , permanent representative at the United Nations.

Mr. Salah will succeed Dr. Hazem Nusseibeh who has been ansterie , w neugaagraand who is expected to retire from public

Mr. Salah told the Jordan Times Wednesday that he will leave for New York to take up his new post early February.

Syria praises Lebanon's stand

a solution.

DAMASCUS (R) — Syria Wednesday praised Lebanon's stand in resisting demands by Israel that its troops should man early warning stations inside Lebanese territory.

State-run Damascus Radio said in a commentary: "The attitude of the Lebanese side in refusing the establishment of Israeli military bases inside Lebanese territory is an attitude worthy of esteem, encouragement and support."

A final statement then said While Israel was clinging to its these groups would meet either Tuesday or Wednesday some-where in Israel, but both Israeli demand for early warning stations, "the Lebanese side rejects all that would infringe on Lebanand Lebanese sources said later ese sovereignty or the Lebanese the subcommittee meetings have authorities' full control over their

territory," the radio added, Israel is demanding the early warning stations as one of the conditions for withdrawal of its

troops from Lebanon.

But Syria has said it strongly opposes such conditions and has indicated it may not pull its own forces out of Lebanon if it is not satisfied with the terms of an eventual Lebanese-Israeli agreement.

> Damascus Radio said the Lebanese government's stand did

not exonerate others responsibility and added that from a humanitarian, national or pan-Arab viewpoint Lebanon should not be left to face Israel alone.

> "Syria, for its part, is leaving no doubt that it will always be on Lebanon's side," the radio said.

> Syrian troops intervened in Lebanon in 1967 to stop a civil war then raging there. The troops remained under a peackeeping mandate from the Arab League.

U.S.-Soviet delegates discuss nuclear missiles today

GENEVA (R) - United States all of the planned 108 Pershing-2 and Soviet arms negotiators resume talks on limiting mediumrange nuclear missiles in Europe here Thursday amid growing Western emphasis on flexibility at the bargaining table.

Paul Nitze, chief U.S. delegate to the talks, said Tuesday he was determined to probe the Soviet position for any opening which could lead to an agreement on nuclear arms in Europe.

Arriving from consultations with NATO in Brussels, he said President Reagan had instructed him to stick to the so-called "zero option," but added Washington was "certainly not locked into"

this strategy. Under the zero option, the U.S. would drop plans to start basing 572 Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in Western Europe from December if the Soviet Union agreed to dismantle about 600

SS-20, SS-4 and SS-5 missiles. The plan, under fire in several West European countries, has become a key issue in campaigning for a March 6 general election in West Germany, where

and a total of 96 Cruise missiles. are to be based.

Chancellor Helmut Kohl supports the U.S. plan, but the head of his conservative coalition partners, Bavarian Premier Franz Josef Strauss, criticised it at the weekend as nonsensical and unattainable.

The opposition Social Democrats favour a half-way solution which would allow some U.S. missile deployment in return for fewer Soviet missiles aimed at Western Europe.

While Washington has emphasised its determination to seek an accord, Western diplomats said it would probably not be able to move towards a compromise until after the West German elections.

They said the inherently slow pace of such top-secret talks could mean any eventual agreement might not come until later this year, close to the December

deployment date. Soviet chief negotiator Yuli Kvitsinsky alluded to this in his arrival statement Tuesday. "The time is approaching when a choice

will have to be made between an agreement on joint steps to reduce the level of nuclear confrontation or a new round of the arms race," be said.

He called on the U.S. to show willingness to come to an agreement, adding that a proposal by Soviet party leader Yuri Andropov in December offered the basis for an accord. Mr. Andropov offered to

reduce the Soviet Union's European-based SS-20s from about 240 to 162, matching the level of British and French nuclear forces, provided the U.S. missiles were not deployed.

The NATO alliance has rejected this trade-off, just as Moscow has turned down the zero

But NATO diplomats said in Brussels Tuesday that Mr. Nitze's first task in this latest round of talks would be to seek further details of this offer. Neither negotiator at the talks,

which began in November, 1981,

was willing to answer reporters'

questions on reports of an infor-

worked out last July.

Under this plan, according to U.S. press reports, Moscow would cut back its SS-20s aimed at Western Europe if Washington dropped plans to deploy the Pershing-2, which can reach the Soviet capital with only a few minutes' advance warning. But this agreement was rejected by both Washington and Moscow. The negotiations resume at the

Soviet mission Thursday and then alternate twice-weekly between it and the U.S. mission at the other end of Geneva's Avenue De La Paix (avenue of peace). Rounds of the top-secret talks

usually last two months, followed by a two-month break for the delegations to report back to their governments. Parallel talks on reducing U.S. and Soviet intercontinental nuclear missiles are due to resume here on Feb. 2.

Troop reduction talks

VIENNA (R) — Meanwhile in Vienna East-West talks on troop reductions in Europe resume Thursday after a six-week recess. mai agreement said to have been

with delegates wondering whether changes on both sides may help break a nine-year deadlock.

The United States delegation to the 19-state conference will be under temporary new leadership following the resignation of Ambassador Richard Staar after only 15 months in the job.

Ambassador Valerian Mikhailov continues to head the Soviet negotiating team and Western diplomats were speculating whether he might have new instructions under a "peace offensive" launched since Yuri Andropov's succession to the Kremlin leadership last

November. The talks between 12 NATO and seven Warsaw Pact countries on thinning out the world's largest concentration of opposing armed forces have been stalled for years by a dispute over present manpower strengths, and ways of monitoring an accord.

Rival draft treaties concerning the troops in central Europe, which were tabled by each side last year, have so far failed to overrome the stalemate.

Walesa claims moral victory against authorities

WARSAW (R) - Lech Walesa, leader of the outlawed Solidarity union, Wednesday claimed a moral victory in his latest battle with the authorities after being told he was back on the payroll of the Lenin Shipyard in Gdansk, though no date had yet been set for his return to work as an elec-

Sources at the Walesa home in Gdansk told Reuters by telephone that the 39-year-old unionist was summoned to the yard's personnel department and told he would receive his pay as of Jan. 17, the day his leave of absence ended.

They read a statement by Mr. Walesa which said being on the payroll was "tantamount to the continuance of his employment."

The sources said he had not been told when he could resume work at the shipyard, Solidarity's home from its birth during the August 1980 strike wave until its banning last October.

For the past two weeks, Mr. Walesa has refused to comply with a demand from the office administering the union's assets that he settle certain formalities before returning to work.

recognise the authority of this office over the affairs of what was an independent union.

In Wednesday's statement Mr. Walesa said the decision to put him back on the payroll was "an admission that he was right in his dispute with the shipyard mangement and the local government official supervising Solidarity

> GIVE YOUR V.I.P. **GUEST** THE V.I.P. TREATMENT



LIMOUSINE SERVICE

FOR YOUR RES. CALL: 660100 **EXT. 2117**

Third highlands reclamation project to start next month

AMMAN (J.T.) - Jordan plans to start implementing its third programme for developing highlands early next month, Minister of Agriculture Marwan Dudin announced here Wednesday.

According to a circular, which the minister sent to agricultural departments in various govemorates, farmers wishing to benefit from the project can submit applications provided they have at least four dunums of land in he planted with trees.

The circular also stipulates that no more than 50 dunums owned by one individual farmer can be involved in the project, the land

lifassan Ibrahim (Petra photo)

AMMAN (Petra) - South

: vith Acting Foreign Minister Has-

Liddle East policy.

Korean Deputy Foreign Minister

Ro-Myun Gong, at a meeting

an Ibrahim Wednesday, voiced

his country's support for Jordan's

Mr. Gong, who arrived here

arlier in the day to start a three-

By Lamis Andoni

Special to the Jordan Times

MMAN - Project ORBIS, a

ying ophthalmological hospital

ill land in Amman Sunday for an

schange of views with Jordanian

octors on the latest techniques

· or treating ailments of the eyes.

alter Nelson, the vice-president operations for ORBIS said

Mr. Nelson, who arrived in

mman last week to make the

inistry of Health, which is host-

mally a DC-8 jet-airliner con-

rted into an eye hospital which

uipped ophthalmological oper-

ion suite and treatment

ws doctors to observe and take

reien Minister Hassan Ibrahim.

MMAN (Petra) - The newly appointed non-

ident Bangladeshi ambassador to Jordan Wed-

day presented copies of his credentials to Acting

recessary arrangements with the

I g ORBIS, and local physicians,

plained that "project ORBIS is

ntains a classroom and a fully-

An audio-visual control centre

eunesday.

:ilities."

must receive an average of 250 millimetres of rainfall annually and that the owner should start cultivating the land soon after it had been reclaimed.

An agreement was signed here Jan. 12, under which the World Food Programme (WFP) will give Jordan JD 2.8 million in assistance to help the country carry out its third programme for developing highlands in the period between

South Korea's Deputy Foreign Minister Ro-Myun Gong (left) Wednesday meets Acting Foreign Minister

with Mr. Ibrahim the Middle East

situation and Jordanian-South

explained his country's position

vis-a-vis the situation in the

Also at the meeting, Mr. Gong

Mr. Ibrahim explained Jordan's

Mying eye hospital to land in Amman Sunday

part in operations, he added. "ORBIS, however, is not an

open clinic to treat the public, as

operations are chosen by local

physicians, while the guest

surgeons are selected by the host

The U.S.-based flying eye hos-

pital will perform four operations

during its two-week stay in Jor-

He added that two of the hos-

Mr. Nelson pointed out that a

pital's surgeons are from the U.S..

two from the West Germany and

five-member committee of dis-

tinguished Jordanian physicians

has been set up to coordinate and

cooperate with the guest surgeons

and ORBIS staff. There are also

three young non-operating doc-

tors on board who are per-manently assigned to the prog-

ramme. Their job is to coordinate

and Malaysia.

the work with the local physicians,

country," Mr. Nelson said.

dan, Mr. Nelson said.

one from France.

Mr. Nelson said,

Fahim receives Bangladeshi ambassador

IS. Korea supports Jordan's policy'

Korean relations.

Under the agreement, the WFP will supply the new phase of the project with 25,156 tonnes of food commodities for distribution to farmers participating in the proiect and to the labourers engaged in the afforestation.

The new project is expected to reclaim an area of 7,500 hectares of land for planting olive trees, and an area of about 5,200 hectares for planting forest and fodder trees.

The Ministry of Agriculture will offer the farmers saplings of fruit-bearing trees at low cost. barbed wire to fence off their land and guidance on the work.

East issue and the current initia-

tives for establishing a just and comprehensive peace in the reg-

Mr. Gong, who was accom-panied by a senior aide from his

ministry, also met Foreign Minis-try Secretary-General Walid Tash

to review areas of mutual concern

Project ORBIS, which made its

first flight in March 1982, has vis-

ited many countries throughout

Latin America, Europe and Asia,

and is shortly planning to visit

"We have been able to cure

many eye diseases in these coun-

tries, while demonstrating the lat-

est surgical techniques to local

from the experiences of the local

"We in turn have benefitted

ORBIS does not charge a fee

for these operations, and is in fact

a non-profit making corporation.

"We are financed by donations

and material gifts from donors all over the world." he said. "All we

ORBIS staff will hold a press

conference at the airport Monday

when reporters will be shown around the flying eye-hospital.

ask for is a free landing."

Tuesday. Mr. Ibrahim received copies of the cre-

dentials of the ambassadors of Guinea, Thailand

physicians," Mr. Nelson said.

physicians," he added.

North Africa.



Environment Hassan Al Momani (third from right),

Jada'n (to Mr. Momani's left), Wednesday discuss cooperation between the two countries in housing affairs (Petra photo)

N.Yemen extends invitation to Badran

AMMAN (Petra) - North Yemen's Minister of Municipal and Housing Affairs Mohammad Jad'an said in Amman Wednesday that he had conveyed an invitation to Prime Minister Mudar Badran to visit North Yemen from the North Yemeni premier.

Speaking before his departure home after his five-day visit to Jordan, Mr. Jad'an said that his country is deeply interested in promoting ties with Jordan and

AMMAN (Petra) — A Greek economic delegation is due here

Jan. 30 to take part in the joint

Graeco-Jordanian committee

The delegation's discussions

with Jordanian officials, which are

due to start on the following day,

will cover ways by which the two

countries can boost their bilateral

relations in both the trade and

Bar Association

elections to be

held in March

AMMAN (Petra) - The Jor-

danian Bar Association will hold

elections here March 11, it was

reported by Al Ra'i newspaper

Wednesday. Jordanian lawyers

will also hear a report on the

association's projected financial situation in 1983, and another on

the Association's programmes for

handicapped people in Jordan.

about his organisation's aid programmes.

vice president and other Jordanian officials.

meeting an economic affairs.

looks forward to developing door to future bilateral coop-mutual cooperation in all fields. eration in housing and municipal During the visit Mr. Jad'an met a number of Jordanian officials and toured a number of development projects and housing schemes.

Earlier, Mr. Jad'an said he had reached agreement with Jordanian officials on exchange of visits of officials and technicians from both countries. This he felt sure would lead to a crosspollenation of expertise that would open the

eration in housing and municipal affairs, he said. He also praised the achievements of Jordan in housing and town planning, which he said North Yemen would benefit from.

The North Yemeni minister was seen off at the airport by Minister of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment Hassan Al Momani, Housing Corporation Director Hamdullah Al Nabulsi and senior officials.

Hotel Training Institute Greek trade to graduate 30 trainees team due end January AMMAN (Petra) - The Hotel

Training Institute (HTI) will hold a ceremony Saturday for the graduation of 30 trainees who completed a training course in hotel management in Jordan.

The course, entailing theoretical and practical work, was organised in cooperation with the Industrial Development Bank, and the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities, according to Jordan Hotels Association (JHA) Pres-

ident Zuhair Al Ajlouni. He said the graduates are needed to meet the shortage of skilled personnel in Jordanian hotels and to replace foreign staff employed in these posts at pre-

The graduates have had six months of theoretical tuition at the HTI, which was followed by 606 hours of practical work spent on assignment to a number of Jordanian hotels.

Irbid police force cracks down on several bands of criminals

IRBID (J.T.) - Police in Irbid Governorate have arrested several bands of robbers and thieves responsible for stealing JD 1,400 over the last few days. In all it is in cash, and goods worth JD 1,000 stimated that JD 15.000 of cash and property was stolen by the bands, according to a report in

Wednesday's edition of Al Ra'i newspaper. The paper said that a woman identified only as N.S. had been arrested after she had stolen several items of jewellery including bracelets and rings from a house where she worked. The jewellery had been retrieved and returned

to the owner, the paper said.

Jordan, international organisation

AMMAN (J.T.) - Cooperation between Jordan and the specialised

organisation to help the world's handicapped, Rehabilitation Inter-

national (RI), was discussed in Amman Wednesday by RH Director

General Norman Action and Minister of Social Development In am

Al Mufti. The minister briefed Mr. Acton, who arrived here Wed-

nesday on a 24-bour visit, on Jordan's programme to rehabilitate

During the meeting, which was attended by members of the

national committee for the International Year of the Disabled, the.

two also discussed RI's regional committee's meeting to be held in

Mr. Acton later gave a lecture on the rehabilitation of handicapped

people in developing nations. In his lecture, delivered at the University of Jordan's Faculty of Agriculture, Mr. Acton reviewed these

nations' endeavours in rehabilitating handicapped people, and spoke

The audience at the lecture included Mrs. Mufti, the university's

study ways to help handicapped

The police also arrested a three-member gang, which was

Two youths, who admitted stealing JD 500 from a carpenter's shop, and two others who stole a stereo set and some jewellery from another house were also detained by police and the stolen items retrieved.

According to the paper, police in Mafraq also arrested several thieves who committed thefts in

Day marked

Wednesday evening, Mr. Santoshi hosted a reception to mark the occasion. It was attended by Jordanian ministers and senior officials, members of the diplomatic community in Amman and Jordanian and Indian per-

Mafraq District. Indian Republic

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Indian community here celebrated the 33rd anniversary of the Republic Day of India at a ceremony held at the Indian ambassador's resi-dence. The Indian national flag was hoisted and the ambassadordesignate Pyare Lai Santoshi, read out a message from the president of India to the large gathering.

NEWS IN BRIEF

Bal'ama Municipal Council dissolved

AMMAN (J.T.) — The cabinet Wednesday dissolved the municipal council of Bal'ama in Mafraq Governorate but no reasons for the action were given. Instead a seven-member council, mostly government employees in the district, was charged with conducting municipal affairs of the town.

Islamic Bank opens Madaba branch

MADABA (Petra) - A branch of the Islamic Bank was opened here Wednesday. At a special ceremony held on the occasion, the bank's General Manager Hassan Shihadeh said that the transactions will be in accordance with Islamic teachings as is the case with the main branch in Amman. The bank's aims are to help implement development projects, grant loans for factories, com-panies and individuals, Mr. Shihadeh said. The ceremony was attended by Madaba District governor, heads of government departments and representatives of banks in the city.

Jordan Valley farmers get loans

JORDAN VALLEY (Petra) — The Jordan Valley Farmers Association (IVFA) office in North Shuneh announced Wednesday that it will grant 12 farmers in the region loans totalling JD 8.000. The loans will be used to plant citrus trees, and carry out modern methods of farming in their lands, the association said.

Garbage incinerator for 4 Ajloun towns

AJLOUN (Petra) — An incinerator to serve the towns of Ajloun, Kufrunjeh, Anjara and 'Ain Janna in Ajloun District will be established at a cost of JD 60,000, it was announced here Wednesday. The project also entails purchasing a plot of land for the incinerator and opening dirt roads linking the four towns. A similar project for three other towns in Irbid Governorate will be carried out this month.

Irbid librarians to undergo training

IRBID (Petra) — Yarmouk University will hold a training course for librarians in Irbid District next month. The course, to start by the middle of February, is organised by the university's Continuing Education and Community Service Department.

Ramtha villages to have services council

IRBID (Petra) — The Ministry of Municipal and Rural Affairs and the Environment has earmarked ID 50,000 for establishing a joint services council for four villages in Ramtha District. According to Ramtha District Governor Mahmoud Al Sari, a 65-dunum plot of land has been purchased for the project. The four villages to benefit from the project are Turrah, Shajara, Imraweh and Al

IPA plans accountancy course

AMMAN (Petra) — The Institute of Public Administration (IPA), in cooperation with the Amman Chamber of Industry. plans to hold a training course on accountancy for nonaccountants beginning Feb. 19. Participants in the month-long book-keeping, trial balance and the preparation of balance sheets. They will have theoretical as well as practical classes and will hear lectures by specialists on the subject.

Higher Health Council studies

insurance

scheme

Health Council (HHC) will hold a meeting here on Feb. 3 to review subjects connected with the national health insurance scheme, hospital practice for doctors and the recommendations issued by a nursing seminar recently held in Amman. The HHC, which is chaired by Prime Minister Mudar Badran, is made up of the health and education ministers, the National Planning Council President, the director of the Armed Forces Royal Medical Services. the Health Under-Secretary, the Social Security Corporation director, and the dean of the University of Jordan's Faculty of Medicine.

AMMAN (Petra) - The Higher



NO. 1 IN SCOTLAND

SOLE AGENTS: MITACO Tel. 37185

French Cultural Centre offers an eyeful of traditional costumes from Tunisia

By Meg Abu Hamdan Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN - For those who know little or nothing about the traditional costumes of Tunisia, the exhibition at the French Cultural Centre this week is probably a good place to start. The small pictures, drawn by a Tunisian artist which line the walls of the hall give a fairly comprehensive idea of some of the many richly embroidered and brightly coloured dresses that are worn in the different areas of the country.

The tremendous diversity of style must be the hallmark of these costumes. In Tunis, the rich and sophisticated city dwellers wore, in contrast to the more simple costumes of the rural southern towns of Gabes and Matmata, ornate robes of gold brocade, fetching conical hats, thick jackets, halfred-half-green under which were

worn loose trousers that fell in soft folds to a close fitting band at the ankle. Unusually the dresses of Sfax and Hamamet were worn knee-length and scarves in bold shades were used to add colour to the darker fabrics. The trailing lacy sleeves of the Hamamet dresses that hang almost to the knee where they complement the frill of lace under the hemline are particularly attractive.

ART REVIEW

Dresses from 11 other towns-from Le Kef in the north to Gafsa in the south--are depicted and captions in French give full details about each costume. Also on display are a few Tunisian carpets, two brightly embroidered and appliced waistcoats and small ceramic goods with hand painted designs This exhibition, which is being held in co-operation with the Tunisian embassy, marks the beginning of a new policy the French centre is following. In the past they only used their exhibition half for the display of French and Jordanian handicrafts and works of art.

"Now the idea is to open the centre to any country, particularly French-speaking ones like Tunisia, which has something of interest to show," Mr. Cloitre. head of the French Cultural Centre told the Jordan Times. "This is the first time we have tried it and we would be very happy if such events could take place from

time to time." On Tuesday, Feb. 1 at 6 p.m. to accompany the exhibition there will be a slide show documentary at the centre. The exhibition runs

della la la la

UNFURNISHED VILLA **FOR RENT**

A luxurious first class villa located overlooking the University Road, just behind the Jerusalem Hotel 'Melia'. Consisting of 4 bedrooms, 4 bathrooms, large parlours, hot water supplied by the sollar system, central heating, garden, and garage. Building area 430 sq.m.

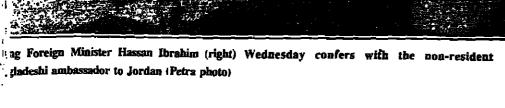
SALES REPRESENTATIVE WANTED

by an international airline

REQUIREMENTS:

1. Languages Arabic, English & French. 2. Previous experience in Airline and travel

Kindly send your C.V. with photograph P.O. Box: 35252 - Amman





525 T 10

Shunting refugees: Major headache for W. Europe

By Tom Hebeghan

GENEVA - "Orbit cases" -refugees shunted from one airport to another by countries unwilling to give them asylum - are rapidly becoming a major headache for West European governments. according to refugee aid workers

Sometimes individually, sometimes in groups of several dozen, they shuttle between airports as far-flung as Rome and Stockholm or Madrid and Bucharest, camping out in transit lounges before being flown to their next destination

Until about a year ago, most orbit cases, as the refugees are known here, were quietly given asylum after a few days' wait in a transit lounge. They were most Iranians, followed by Iraqi Kurds and Afghans.

But the continuing recession and growing unemployment across Europe have prompted even traditionally open-minded countries to quietly close the door on the asylum seekers, refugee

officials told Reuters.

Spain, a gathering point for Iranians turned away elsewhere in Europe, became the latest country to limit entry last week by making visas compulsory for all Iranians.

"It's a very sensitive topic, especially since countries which consider themselves among the most democratic in Europe, like the Scandinavians, are tightening up like everybody else," said one aid official who requested anony-

"Orbit cases are probably the biggest refugee problem in Europe now," said another refugee specialist, who also asked not to be named so his organisation's efforts to help them would not be prejudiced.

Since embarrassed governments do not want public attention focused on these refugees, no statistics exist to illustrate the magnitude of the problem or how much European governments and airlines are paying to support and transport the

As for the refugees themselves, most are educated Iranians,

Afghans and Iraqi Kurds who have the money for a plane ticket and relatives already living in

A spokesman for the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said his organisation now received reports of orbit cases almost every day. A growing number of cases has also been brought to the attention of smaller Geneva-based groups helping refugees or religious bodies like the World Council of Churches here.

In one of the most recent cases, 26 Iraqi Kurds were temporarily allowed to enter Italy after what was to be a flight from Tehran to Stockholm turned into a twoweek ordeal played out in Rome,

Belgrade, Prague and Bucharest. The Kurds, who said they fled Iraq because of ethnic persecution there, wanted to join relatives in Sweden but had no visas to enter the country. After landing in Rome on Dec. 26, they were sent to Belgrade where they needed no

But Yugoslav authorities refused to allow them to enter and

which 19 with Romanian visas left for Bucharest and four with Czechoslovak visas for Prague.

Bucharest turned away all 19 while Prague sent two back to Rome saying their passports were forged.

At one point, refugee workers said, Italy considered sending the Kurds back to Iraq, but the government bowed to loud protests that they would face persecution. Last November, Spain turned away 66 Iranians, sending them back to their last transit stops -

found asylum. They were turned away even though they needed no entry visas, because Spanish officials said they feared reports that 6,000 Iranians were allegedly booked on flights from Pakistan to join family members already living in Spain.

Copenhagen, Frankfurt and Vie-

nna -- where they eventually

Refugee workers said the orbit case problem could soon reach critical proportions since only one West European country, Portugal, still allows visa-free entry for Ira-

"It won't be long before they close the door too," one commented, adding that European governments would then probably have to start some coordination

programme to deal with the continuing number of refugees landing in their airports. While there have always been

individual asylum-seekers landing without visas in countries in they would like to settle, the problem increased greatly after the Iranian revolution and the Soviet intervention in Afghanistan, both in

The flow of refugees to Frankfurt -- an airport known to be lenient to orbie cases--swelled so much that Bonn introduced compulsory visas for Iranians and Afghans in March 1980. Afghan orbit cases continued, so Bonn decided in Oct. 1981 to demand transit visas even for Afghans only changing planes in Germany.

While the number of Afghan refugees has now dwindled, the flow of Iranians and Iraqi Kurds to Western Europe appears to have increased in the past six months, refugee workers said.

Indian elephants face extinction

By Moses Manoharan Reuter

NEW DELHI — The Indian elephant, revered by Hindus, is facing a battle for survival because its forest home is being destroyed to make way for settlements and industrial projects, according to conservationists.

A World Wildlife Fund report said that Indian elephants, estimated at 16,000 in a recent survey carried out by the International Union for Conservation of nature and Natural Resources (IUCN). were declining like their African, Sumatran and Javan cousins because of loss of habitat.

More than two thirds of the 84,000 sq km (32,400 sq miles) of moist tropical Indian forests where the elephants live have been affected by human encroachment, Forest Survey of India Director A.B. Chowdhury told a conference on elephant management recently.

He said that this invasion had deprived elephant herds of their staple food of tender bamboo

shoots and of the shelter the dense forests afforded.

Forced to look for food and shelter elsewhere, they become easy targets for poachers hunting for ivory and irate farmers whose fields are invaded by elephants foraging for food.

Conservation officials said they had found many elephants in the eastern state of West Bengal blinded by bullets from farmers' crude homemade guns.

These maimed animals often leave their herds and add to the number of marauding, lone elephants known as "rogues" which roam the countryside doing great damage to crops and killing over 50 people a year in India. More advanced guns are used

by poachers to kill elephants for their tusks. Officials say that in the southern state of Kerala, organised gangs of poachers have almost wiped out large sized "tus-

The elephant figures in Hindu mythology as a noble beast and is revered by Hindus because of Ganesha, the god with an

fortune and success.

In the past elephants were used in India by maharajas and nobles for hunting tigers and other wild animals. Killing of Indian elephants is prohibited by law except when special permission is given to shoot a rogue.

Fr. 3

The elite among the elephants are those kept in Hindu temples, especially in South India.

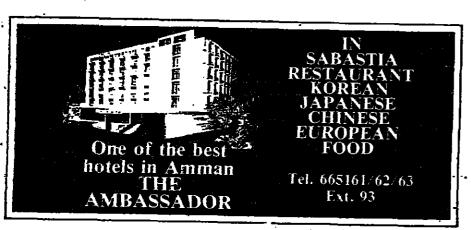
These animals are adorned with jewellery and costly robes and taken out in procession on important festival days.

One South Indian state declared official mourning on the day its oldest and most famous temple elephant died. The local government flew in medicines from West Germany in an unsuccessful bid to save another elephant.

The symbol of the Asian games held in Delhi last year was a baby elephant called Appu.

One ray of hope for the Indian elephant is the successful breeding of domesticated elephants by forestry departments in some elephant's head who brings good states for use in moving timber.

HOTELS















12:30 - 3:306:30 - midnight Jabai Amman, 3rd Circle Tel: 44227 **Closed on Mondays**

ROMERO

The Italian Restaurant

Stop Here Once ... 8 You'll Come Again Abu Nawwas Bar Happy Hour From 7 to 8 p.m = Drinks half price Hala Inn Hotel, Jabal Ammar

Tel. 43106, 43856 La Terrasse Welcomes you to THE ROOF "Terrace"

Near Khalidi Hospital





AQUAMARINA

HOTEL CLUB

RED SEA HOLIDAYS

PIVE DAYS SNORKLINGINGLUDING. EQUIPMENTS AND TRANSPORT TO THE CORALS OF THE RED SEA, HALF

THE ONLY PLACE WHERE YOU

CAN ENJOY ALL WATER SPORTS

ACTIVITIES - FOR MORE INF-

ORMATIONS AND RES-

ERVATIONS PLEASE DO CALL

US: TELS. 4333/4/8/6 TLX: 62240 AQUAMA

BOARD ALL INCLUSIVE

FOR ONLY JD51.000

PRESTAURAN 室 TOURISMO

Opp. Akilah Maternity Hospital, 3rd Circle, Jabal Amman, Tel. 41093.

Try our special "FLAMING POT" fondue or Peking Duck on your next visit. Take-Away orders welcome. Welcome & Thank you.

RESTAURANT CHINA

The first & best Chinese Restaurant in Jordan Ist Circle, Jabal Amman near Ahliyyah Girls School

> Open daily 12:00 - 3:30 p.m. 6:30 p.m. · Midnight Tel. 38968





MISCELLANEOUS

ABSOLUTELY! The best optician in town is OPTIAOS INTERCONTINENTAL MOTEL! CONTACT LENS CENTRE

 Same day delivery * Open seven days a week * Moderate prices OPTIKOS INTERCONTINENTAL HOTEL

EYES EXAMINED CONTACT LENSES Special prices for students, employees, teachers and embassy staff OPTIKOS INTERCONTINENTAL HOTEL

scandinavia show room .living rooms .dining rooms .begroom sets . Wall units . Manting Fixtures . Club 8 for children

Feather Upholstery 50%-free if applicable tel663890

CIVI DEFENCE SUFEET The youthful style with an eye to the fixture

TRANSPORTATION



Specialistsinlocal & international

removals shipping & forwarding (air, land, sea) * storage *packing *crating clearing door-to-door service CROWN INTERNATIONAL EST.

ıman - Jabal Hussein - Firas Circle Tel. 664090 Tix. 22205 BESMCO JO Aqaba Tel. 5778



RESTAURANTS & BARS

MANDARIN CHINESE RESTAURANT - AMMAN AND AQABA

Offer typical Chinese Mandarin cuisines and take away For quick lunch: 1 soup 1 main dish. 1 rice 1 tea or soft drink JD 2 Fully airconditioned

Amman Tel. 661922 P.O. Box 9676 Wadi Sagra Road Near Holiday Inn Hotel

AQABA Tel. 4633 P.O. Box 598 Amman Road Near the Main Circle







ia i

Γa

RAMI G. KHOURI

MOHAMMAD AMAD GEORGE S. HAWATMEN Directors

Board of JUMA'A HAMMAD RAJA ELISSA MOHAMMAD AMAD MAHMOUD AL KAYE

Hairlerstey Road, P.O. Bax 6710; Aminan, Jordan. 466320, 666265 21497 ALRAI 10 .. JORTIMES, Amman, Jordan.

The Jordan Turies of published daily except Fridays. Suitscription and advertising quest are adulable from the Dordan Turns advertising department.

Balancing the food equation

IT IS a bizarre sight to watch the world's richest agricultural nations trying to dispose of their embarrassing wealth of produce -indeed, falling over each other in the rush to give it away. It is both comic and tragic that the United States and Europe are desperate to give free apples and cut-price butter to countries they are simultaneously threatening with nuclear destruction, or feeding milk powder to pigs while half the world's children are mal-

This absurd situation has arisen because political considerations have been allowed to regulate food production, and government intervention has grossly distorted the real picture of supply and demand. Farmers, initially buoyed up by subsidies, are now under pressure to cut back their prodcution and many are going out of business.

There are clear lessons here for developing countries which are relative newcomers on the food production scene, especially if they are making concerted efforts to turn their agriculture into a major foreign exchange earning

Gluts are not a prerogative of the Western

food producers. In developing countries, a young and thriving agricultural sector trying to produce a surplus for export is very likely to experience gluts, especially in the early days when production and marketing are not yet fully co-ordinated.

It is very tempting for a government, anxious to shield farmers from being left with unsaleable produce on their hands, to step in and buy up the surplus, for re-sale or processing. This is initially welcomed by farmers, of course. But in the long run it helps neither the farmer nor the country. It cushions agriculture from market realities and can lead to chronic overproduction or misdirected production. Repeated buying-up of surpluses for processing can mean losing sight of wellconceived plans to produce top quality produce for export - and can lead to new surpluses of the processed commodity.

Getting the production-demand equation right may involve a process of trial and error, but developing countries at least have the chance to avoid the Western food producers' mountainous mistakes.

JORDAN'S ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

Al Ra'i: Washington responsible for Israeli intransigence

We really do wonder what the American Administration will do now that Israel has once again openly defled it. Washington must surely know that such action ruin both its credibility and its ability to exercise an effective role necessary to establish a just and comprehensive peace in our region. This is ;, a question that the American administration will have to resolve very soon because Israel has placed it in a very embarrassing situation.

After U.S. envoy Philip Habib's failure to dissuade Israel from demanding early warning stations in southern Lebanon, it has become clear that the Israeli stand on the issue was only a decoy to divert America's attention from the real question of Israeli troop-withdrawal from Lebanon Gand ried out before the middle of next month.

It is not a secret that the American administ? ration hoped to boost its sagging credibility in the region by bringing about an Israeli withdrawal from But the Israelis seem to have dealt a crushing blow to that credibility and placed

Latest reports from Beirut and Tel Aviv indicate that the American-Lebanese-Israeli negotiations are back to square one. After four weeks of meetings, it seems that differences have widened to such a degree that Tuesday's session completely coll'lapsed due to disagreement over the agenda.

In simple terms this means that U.S. envoy Philip Habib's mission has failed to achieve any progress, and that his sudden return to Washington for con-. | sultations with President Reagan is a last desperate attempt by the American administration to honour its commitment both to achieving an Israeli withdrawal from Lebanon and securing the latter's sovereignty and territorial integrity.

By its insistence on imposing conditions of withdrawal on Lebanon, Israel must clearly be regarded as the party responsible for the failure of the current negotiations. This intolerable situation necessitates swift American action, and a firm stand that would both restore Washington's credibility and its

the American administration in an embarrassing position for all the world to see. Needless to say, America's policy makers now face a tough test which will not be helped by the time scale, a factor Israel has proved itself to be skilful at manipulating in the past.

It is no exaggeration to say that Washington's failure to attain this limited objective would put the American administration in a state of total impotency in relation to the region, and would no doubt demean all the previous peace efforts launched by

We should, however, not forget that America's unlimited economic, military and financial support Habib's demand that a partial withdrawal be ear- ... for Israel, coupled with its actions at U.N. Security Council meetings which have rescued the Zionists from sanctions, have encouraged Israel to adopt such arrogant and defiant postures. Therefore, it is the American administration that should bear the lity for this latest de and face the Israeli defiance alone

Al Dustour: Deadlock threatens U.S. interests and credibility

It should be clear in Washington that Israel, which has been putting forward impossible demands, is aiming to expand its political, economic and even military spheres of influence in Lebanon. Indeed, this reality reveals Israel's true intention namely that of perpetuating its stay in the territory of its northern neighbour.

Habib's failure, and the deadlocked negotiations, means that the United States faces a tough test. It has to force Israel to withdraw its forces from Lebanon, and bring about a speedy solution to the Lebanese crisis. Failure in this department would lead to a loss of confidence in the United States as a superpower capable of shouldering responsibility for the establishment of peace in the region. America's failure would also mean that its own political and economic interests in this part of the world would be put in severe jeopardy.

Prince Abdullah shuttle diplomacy fails

Still no reconciliation between Iraq and Syria

By Khader Nassar

_ \MMAN -- A new round of shutle diplomacy by Saudi Crown Tince Abdullah Ibn Abdul Aziz as apparently failed to bring bout a reconciliation between yria and Iraq.

Long-standing strains between te two neighbours, ruled by rival ictions of the Baath Socialist , arty, have worsened recently as yria backs non-Arab Iran in its

ulf war with Iraq.

- Last year Damascus shut off the peline carrying Iraqi oil across rian territory to Mediterranean ins, causing a heavy drain on ighdad's war-depleted treasury. In what was widely seen as a conciliation attempt, Prince odullah last week shuttled beten Baghdad and Damascus. ille Iraqi President Saddam ussein and Syrian Foreign s inister Abdel-Halim Khaddam id separate visits to the Saudi pital Riyadh.

But Syrian Information Minisr Ahmed Iskander Ahmed later ild the Paris-based Arabnguage magazine Al Mustaqbal ere was no change in Syria's prelude to attempts to end the

relations with Iraq. The war of words between the two countries also shows no sign of abating.

Gulf war, a conflict which has defied mediation bids by the Non-Aligned Movement and the

Prince Abdullah made a similar attempt to mend fences between Baghdad and Damascus in January last year, without apparent results. The Saudi newspaper Al Madina said the prince's latest efforts were expected to lead to a tripartite summit of the presidents of Syria and Iraq and Saudi King Fahd shortly.

Such a meeting has been a goal of the Saudis since the last Arab summit in Morocco last September, but has not taken place. Reports in the local press speculated that Prince Abdullah's aim may have been to try to persuade Syria to reopen the oil pipeline.

This would relieve Saudi Arabia and other Gulf countries, which have funnelled billions of dollars to Iraq during the 28-month-old Gulf war, of the burden of making further payments.

Necessary prelude

The Saudi peace efforts were also widely seen as a necessary

Jeddah-based Islamic Conference Organisation.

In previous peace moves, Saudi Arabia and the Gulf states have looked to Syrian President Hafez Al Assad to use his influence with Tehran's revolutionary leaders. Iran is demanding the payment of war damages and the toppling of the Iraqi government as the price of peace. Iraq has rejected the

Speculation that the prince's diplomatic efforts had stalled again were further strengthened by a meeting in Damascus between ministers from Syria, Iran and Libya, which also backs

Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati arrived in Damascus hard on the heels of the prince and was later joined by Libyan Justice Secretary Mohamed Abdul-Qassem Al Zawi. No statement was made after the two ministers conferred with Mr. Khaddam, but Mr. Velayati said before leaving that Syria and Iran held identical views on all issues

RED & BLACK

Revive the ILCF

What do the numbers 923 and 1402 mean to you? They are not U.N. resolutions, and they are not historical years. Rather, they are Cosmos satellites which had been launched by the USSR into a merrygo-round orbit around the globe.

Cosmos 1402 became an international affair because there was speculation it would hit the ground with some of its radioactive deposits still unburnt. As it turned out the whole affair was reduced to a publicity stunt. The satellite was burnt up in space and the metal parts found their way and plunged somewhere in the Indian ocean. The amount and cost of efforts taken in terms of precautionary measures were probably astounding. In contrast, the media

brought the disturbing news

that one million labourers in Nigeria would be sent back to their country of origin --Ghana -- under the pretext of illegal entry and presence. Some of those labourers may have been working in Nigeria illegally for a decade. The reason why the Nigerian authorities suddenly want to rectify the situation is basically the declining economic conditions in the country.

The issue under consideration, here. is not the legality of the Nigerian decision. It may have been taken under continuous domestic pressure to make more jobs available to the indigenous labourers. On the other hand, the Ghanaian government will now have to cope with a very serious problem which is compounded by the already distressing economic conditions in Ghana.

world where similar developments could be repeated. They may well happen because the world economy is in a recession. Neighbourly labour movements are quite common, particularly from rich and poor neighbours. Their relations have often been severed in the past. The so called soccer war between El Salvador and Honduras is still in fresh memory. It came as a reminder of how serious these relations can

Currently, the trend may spread. Labour-importing countries which face difficult employment and financial conditions may find it convenient to get rid of imported labour. They will utilise the protectionist mood prevailing in the world to do so. Those countries will either be civil

about it like some European countries, or they will resort to less palatable excuses. In either case the outcome is the same: Misery and direct threat to world peace and stability.

A respectable institution like the International Labour Organisation (ILO) can not sit idly and watch these catastrophes without responding quickly to help remedy the situation. They have, at the ILO, certain means at their disposal. Notable among these is the revival of the idea of the International Labour Compensatory Facility (ILCF). The ILCF was proposed in

1977 to the ILO 63rd meeting by Crown Prince Hassan. According to Prince Hassan's speech, the ILCF is a fund which derives its financial

resources from labour-

importing countries in order to

mos 1402 receive much greater attention than the Arab deportees from the West Bank or the millions of labourers. taked out from their countries of

By Jawad Ahmad

be used in improving the

labour-exporting countries,

labour-absorptive capacities of

The proposal was warmly

received by international agen-

cies and labour-exporting

countries. It received wide

attention in scademie circles

and among researchers. Yet,

the lukewarm reaction of rich

labour-importing countries

made the ILCF's chances of

It seems like Jewish dis-

sidents in the USSR and Cos-

implementation rather small.

If millions can be spent on propaganda, let matching millions be spent to alleviate human suffering.

The most important undertaking of our generation

become.

Maybe a crucial year for disarmament

By Sidney Weiland

LONDON - Five separate sets of negotiations resume in the next two weeks, all aimed at reducing the risk of nuclear or conventional war between East and West.

In a year that could be crucial for disarmament, they represent the most concentrated effort to check the growth of armaments since the end of World War II 38 years ago. U.S. and Soviet negotiators meet today in Geneva facing a clear deadline: If they fail to agree on limiting mediumrange nuclear weapons, new American missiles are set for deployment in Western Europe by the end of 1983.

In Vienna on the same day, NATO and the Warsaw pact reopen deadlocked discussions on conventional forces. The 40nation Disarmament Committee convenes on Feb. 1, and a new round of U.S.-Soviet talks on strategic arms begins on Feb. 2.

Officials from 35 governments will meet in Madrid on Feb. 8 to continue a marathon European Security Conference, searching for a formula to guard against surprise attack. Although separate. will the accordations are interconnected. President Reagan has called the highly intensive arms control effort the "most important undertaking of our generation." The following is a breakdown of the issues and weapons involved and the proposals tabled so far:

Intermediate-Range Nuclear Forces (INF)

U.S.-Soviet negotiations on limiting medium-range nuclearmissiles in Europe started in Geneva in Nov. 1981 and resume after a two-month break.. Regarded as most urgent in the

American proposal: Total ban on land-based deployments, known as zero option. U.S. is by Communist bloc on grounds ready to drop plans to base 572 Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in Western Europe if Soviet Union dismantles about 600 missiles. SS-20s, SS-4s and SS-5s.

Mobile triple-warhead SS-20 can hit most cities in Western Euope, Cruises and Pershings are capable of striking at Kremlin and other key command centres in Soviet Union.

Soviet proposal: Moscow will reduce European-based SS-20s from about 240 to 162, to match British and French missiles, provided U.S. deployments are cancelled. Deep cuts for older SS-4s and SS-5s, other SS-20s to be moved to Soviet Siberia. Soviet and NATO nuclear-capable aircraft to be equallised. Zero option has been rejected by Moscow, and West refuses trade-off against

British and French weapons. Pressure is mounting within NATO alliance for halfway solution that would allow both sides to keep some missiles if zero option is unattainable. U.S. says negotiator Paul Nitze is authorised "to explore any flexibility in

Soviet position.' Under 1979 NATO "double : track" decision, U.S. missiles to be deployed in West Germany (108 Pershings. 96 Cruises), Britain (160 Cruises), Italy (112 Cruises), Cruises each) if negotiating track

Forces and Armaments in Central Europe

Inter-alliance negotiations now in 10th year in Vienna between 12 NATO and seven Warsaw pact nations, with no result so far. Object is to trim conventional forces and armaments in main "confrontation" area in central

Talks are called "MBFR" by the West, for mutual and balanced force reductions, a name rejected

that stress on balance implies existing Communist superiority.

Western proposal: Four-stage reductions over seven years to bring manpower levels on each side down to 700,000 ground troops and 200,000 airmen, backed by strict verification. Based on Western figures, this

would call for bloc-wide cuts of about 260,000 men by Warsaw pact, about 90,000 by NATO. starting with first-step reductions by U.S. and Soviet forces.

Soviet bloc proposal: First-stage reductions involving 20,000 Soviet and 13,000 American troops, leading eventually to ceiling for each alliance of 900,000 soldiers and airmen. Talks deadlocked for seven years in dispute over figures. NATO says Warsaw pact's own head count of ground troops is understated by about 160,000 men.

40-nation Committee on Disarmament (CD)

Autonomous body in Geneva linked to United Nations, includes all five nuclear weapons states (U.S. Britain, China, France, Societ Union) established in present form in 1978.

This committee is considering ban on chemical and radiological eventual total ban on testing nuclear arms. Warsaw pact has called for negotiations to be speeded up.

U.S. is investigating allegations that Soviet-made chemical weapons were used in South-East Asia and Afghanistan.

Strategic arms

U.S.-Soviet negotiations on reducing inter-continental ballistic missiles opened in June 1982, also restarting in Geneva after two-month break. They replace earlier SALT talks.

U.S. calls then "START", for

strategic Arms Reduction instead of limitation -- talks to differentiate from 1979 SALT-2 treaty which President Reagan called 'fatally flawed'' on grounds that it

U.S. proposal: One-third reduction of land-and sea-based warheads on each side, from about 7,500 to 5,000, only half to be land-based, to be followed by reducing missiles to 850. U.S. says it has about 1,700 missiles against 2.350 for Soviet Union, Nuclear bombers would be left for later

failed to provide for real reduc-

Soviet proposal: Both to cut by 25 per cent, to bring total missile and nuclear bomber stocks originally allowed by SALT-2 down to 1,800 on each side. Warheads to be cut substantially to equal levels. All U.S. Cruise missiles to be Conference on Security Cooperation in Europe (CSCE)

Meeting of 33 Western, Communist and neutral European states plus U.S. and Canada, deadlocked in Madrid mainly over human rights since 1980. Third in series which started with signing of Helsinki final act, a European code of good conduct, in 1975.

Key issue: How to frame acceptable guidelines for later all-European conference on military confidence-building measures, basically how to guard agamst surprise attack.

Soviet Union says it is willing to extend military chekes up to Russia's Ural mountains, but wants Western zone to include parts of Atlantic. Outcome bound up with human rights in Soviet bloc, with Poland's 1981 military crackdown a major problem.

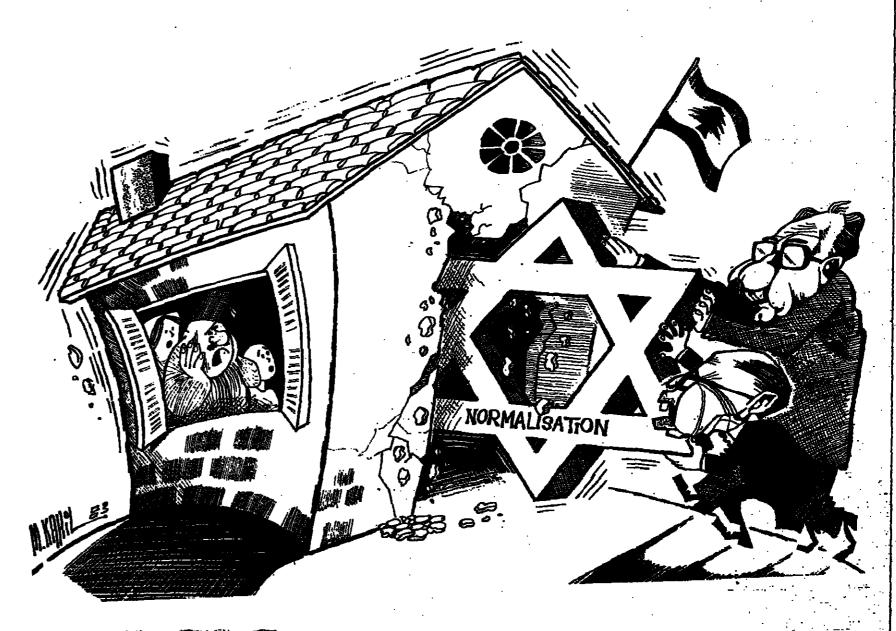
Stereotypes exist

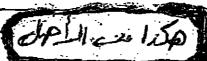
To the Editor:

to Barbara Davis's letter on Salwa Ei-Taber's article on "The West And Arab Image" (Jordan Times, Jan. 22, 1983). At the risk of sounding hair-splitting, I would like to draw Mrs. Davis' attention to a ligical inaccuracy. For surely to say that stereotype exsists about the Arabs in America is not to stereotype the Americans.

Mrs. Davis might have noble feelings towards the Arabs. The fact remains that the majority of Americans are the willing or unwilling victims of Zionist propaganda. Mrs. Taher was not referring to individual cases. As for all men being brothers, a look on modern-or ancient -- history would quickly inform Mrs. Davis on the difference between theory and practice, preaching and

Abeer Zalatimo, P.O.box 5266, Amman, Jordan.





tes ol-

he

`ay

Deserts -- when the balance breaks down



Egypt's Prof. Mohamed Kassas (above), President of the International Union for Conservation of Nature & Natural Resources (IUCN), talks about desertification to John Rowley of People magazine.

Now £4,000 invited at 12 per cent

interest yields nearly £500, but

nobody would expect that an

owner of one acre of land would

be able to make this sum of money

in a year. So governments need to

provide incentives and heavy sub-

sidies for the process and this is

where international aid can help.

the human element in this con-

tinuing problem of the dry lands

and spread of deserts? Has the

situation got worse in human terms

breakdown in the relationship

between man and land. There is a

balance that needs to be main-

tained, and any upset on the nega-

tive side or the positive side leads

to an upset of the system. Let me

give two contrasting examples. In

the Sudan desertification is very

evident in what we call the gum

arabic belt. This is the area bet-

ween the rainfall lines of 250 mm

and 450-500 mm, which is the

area of production of gum arabic,

the econd most important export

crop in Sudan. Sudan accounts for

more than 80 per cent of the world

product of gum arabic, so this is a

very important thing. In this area gum arabic is produced by a sys-

tem of cyclical shifting cultivation.

Desertification arises through a

in recent years?

Can you say something about

The U.N. Conference on deser- £E3,000 to £E4,000 per acre. tification five years ago came up with a far better 'plan of action' than most U.N. meetings. The causes of desertification were identified and appropriate remedies proposed. Can you summarise for us what has actually been achieved

since this conference? Well, I think there have been some achievements, but not as many as we had hoped for, mainly because governments do not seem to be capable of making desertification control or reclamation of descrifted land into national development priorities. Desertification control does not figure largely in applications for inter-

national aid. I think this is related to what we call the economics of land development, because desertitication control and reclamation have become a very expensive business. There is keen competition for investment funds, and the low returns on agricultural development in general and desertification control in particular. make them highly uncompetitive. For example, at present Egypt is embarking on large-scale agricultural development, expanding their agricultural land into the desert. I would estimate that the reclamation costs will be around

has existed for millenia. But over the last 50 years, it has been upset because of population pressure. There are too many people; too much demand. So the fallow years are becoming shorter. and the cultivation period longer. The system breaks down and the land loses its fertility and desertification results. Now here is an example of heavy population pressure overtaxing the resource

which is ecologically sound and

in Yemen, on the other hand, cultivation is dependent on very intensive terracing of the high-lands of Yemen, which needs continuous labour-intensive maintenance. This system of cultivation has been maintained in Yemen for thousands of years, but at present, Yemeni labourers are finding it much more attractive to go and work in the oil-rich countries of Saudi Arabia and the Gulf, and hence there is a thinning of the population, shortage of labour, the terraces are neglected, desertification comes in. So this is an example in which the reduction of the population is causing the deterioration of the system because of the lack of labour necessary for work. These two contrasting examples show that we need to maintain a certain balance between population and resource development in these fragile systems of the arid lands.

On balance would you chance your arm and say that the problem fundamentally one of too many

In most instances, it would be too many people requiring too many things. In particular it is too many people requiring too much wood, leading to excessive woodcutting and the degeneration of the woodland. If you go to any of the villages in the Sahel you will see circles of intensive woodcutting and degradation and desertification around them, because people have depleted all the woods nearby and have to go further and further. There is need for more food, so you want to cultivate more. By cultivating more you push your agriculture into areas that are very fragile and should not be cultivated, and kept as grass rangelands. This means that you are reducing the land available for livestock, and so increasing the intensity of grazing. causing further desertification.

There are people who say the real cause of the Sahel famine was the interference with natural systems of migration: that the development of new water holes interfered with natural population

I think there is only a grain of truth in this, because in the Sudan it was not local degradation - it was much broader. Desertification there was initiated in years of high rainfall, when people expanded agriculture into areas they should not cultivate, and when the drought came these areas had no natural plant cover. It was already ploughed and read for wheat to grow.

Another factor in this area is the population increase that takes place when nomadic people begin to settle. Let us look at what has happened in the Northern states of Nigeria since the beginning of this century. There are two ethnic groups, the sedentary Hausa and the migratory Fulani, who carried themselves, as would happen between any sedentary group and any nomadic group. Then as the wars finished, people began to settle, and when people began to settle. population started to increase there are greater demands, greater impacts, and the system begins to break down. Another factor -- a positive one

is the development of improved veterinary sciences and services and improved livestock breeds, which had led to an increase in the livestock population. In this area of Northern Nigeria between 1925 and 1965 the animal stock increased from 4 million to 10 million head, and at the same time the area available to grazing was becoming smaller because of the expansion of agriculture. Simi-

larly, improved health services to the people are responsible for increases in human population.

If one of the major causes is the steady increase of population and we all know that some of these areas, such as Kenya, have very rapid population growth, what is the solution? FAO studies on carrying capacity show that even with high inputs in some of these dry areas, it is unlikely that the carrying capacity can increase fast enough to support the population. The solution in all this is a combination of population planning, surely, and the integrated

development of resources. If you want to develop your livestock resources, you must have a certain area with some irrigated pasture, using whatever water is available in little rivers for underground out continuous tribal wars among water resources. Then you have your livestock within the natural ranches, kept there within the carrying capacity of the system: in the appropriate number, for the appropriate length of time, and in the right type of season. Then for the rest of the year you

move all your livestock with the people into a sedentary settled area of irrigated agriculture, with irrigated pasture. This is exactly what is happening now in Australia and the United States. In any big ranch in Australia there is one bit of irrigated pasture near a river and an area which is a ranch. In the States, they replace the irrigated pasture with the feed lots. You keep your animals in the natural ranches for only a season. You need to release the pressure by some additional means

and this is the integration between feed lot/ranch in the States, or irrigated/natural pasture in Australia.

Now this system need to be incorporated into national integrated development, and in many instances in Africa, for instance, this cannot be done within the political boundary of nations. There is a need to make the livestock industry transpational, and to use all the water that is available and really mobilise the whole reg-In this way you can increase car-

rying capacity and feed the people. So I think the answer is a combination between integrated development of resources on a large scale, including transboundary and transnational development of natural resources -- and of course control of population. But you cannot control your population without social cultural development, including, in particular in my thinking, the emancipation of women -- emancipation of women meaning continuous participation of women in the system of production, because as I see it, imported technologies in agriculture are tending to push women out of the system of production.

And when it comes to population planning, each nation should see to it that within its plans there is a target population. There must be a ceiling for every population which is worked towards. You can't let population increase indefinitely without relating it to the resource base and to development plans. That is irresponsible.

Randa Habib's

Nocturnal hazards

Once again I'm unfortunately compelled to talk about the works carried out on the roads. It looks as though I can never talk enough about this subject. Streets constantly looking like a building site do not surprise us anymore. In fact we know all the holes by heart and try to avoid them.

The problem is however when you take a road for the first time... at night. Then, you are in for some surprises. In theory, one should be able to drive without mishap, in almost compelte darkness. This is not easy, however, because you only realise there is a hole once you are in it.

For people who enjoy nocturnal drives and who like to discover their city, their innocent hobby can have disastrous consequences on their car and on their person too.

If you have enough courage, drive one day (or better still one night) on the Naour road or on the road that leads to the new Airport. You will surely see at least one car vertically mounted on a heap of gravel. I have pesonally seen two upturned cars simultaneously on each side of the road. The scene had something funny and fearful at the same time.

The reason is simple - the driver had not "guessed" that works were being carried out.

Would it be asking too much if we just thought of putting up signs to indicate to the drivers the existence of those road works...? Just a light or a luminous sign would help avoid so many accidents.

Citizens' safety must come first

By Hashem Khreisat Al Ra'i Columnist

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

The setting-up of a "Jordan food department" under the supervision of the Ministry of Health and other concerned government institutions is an important step to be looked forward to. The Jordanian citizen needs to be protected by scrupulous observation of food-stuff. The absence of this has resulted in real health problems through public consumption of out-of-date foods or food originally produced for non-human consumption.

Among the main reasons for this nation-wide problem is the multiplicity of government departments responsible for food safety. When an offence presents itself, each of these sides tries to blame the others. Use of unedible food has occurred so frequently that something should be done to put an end to the problem.

The re-assessment of obligatory standard specifications for local and imported

food products, an aspect dealt with at present theoretically, particularly for canned foods and flour, is an encouraging step on the path to setting-up the necessary department. The new department, along with the Directorate of Standards and Measurements at the Ministry of Industry and Commerce should see to it that the re-assessed specifications are actually adhered to by ven-

We hope the proposed "Jordan food department" will not. take long, through endless planning and consideration. to come to life especially as there are many concerned parties who might like to take part in its creation. What is really more important is the citizen's safety and the guaranteeing of edible food-stuffs, without having to live in fear of getting it wrong as a result of the absence . of an authorised and responsible official body.

distribution patterns, and led to Overcultivation of gum arabic trees in Sudan has meant more desert encroachment

TV & RADIO

JORDAN TELEVISION WATE CHANNEL

- TATE	1 CHAINEL
64:30	Koran
04:58 .	Сапоов
05:10	The Munch Bunch
05:50 .	Nans Anderson
06:50	Big Blue Marble
67:00	Local Programme
68:60	News in Arabic
	Arabic Series
	Arabic Play
11:05	News in Arabic
EVADS	PICK CHANNEL

87:86	News in French
87:30	
68:36	Private Benjamin
69:10	Eight is Enough
10:00	News in English
	Movie of the Week: "Sergeant' Ryker"
	RADIO JORDAN

855 KH: AM & 99 MH: FM

& party on 9560 KHz, SW
87:16 Morning Show
19:00 News Summary
10:05Pop Session
12:00 News Summary
12:05 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:05 Pop Session
14:00 News Bulletin
4:10 Instrumentals
14:30 Country Music
15:06 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:05 Instrumentals, Old Favourites
17:00 Special Feature, Pop Session
18:00 Packs of Ideas Molady
18:05 Great Books of Islam, Mclody
Time
19:80 News Desk
19:30 Date with a Star

.. Evening Show News Summary Evening Sho

BBC WORLD SERVICE

639, 720, 1413 KHz 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Classical Record 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections 87:99 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 87:38 Peebles Choice 97:45

The World Today 98:00 Newsdesk 08:09 Cancelled 08:36 Nature Notebook 68:40 The Farming World 69:00 World News; 24 Hours: News Summary 69:30 Country Style 69:45 Network U.K. 18:00 World News 10:99 Reflections 18:15 Exercises Seen 10:28 Left Style Seen 10:28 Left Style Seen 10:28 Left Se 18:15 Short Story 10:38 John Peel 11:08 World News; 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:30

Financial News 11:46 Look Ahead 11:45 Talking About Music 12:15 Two Cheers for 1982 12:36 Frank Muir Goes Into... 13:00 World News; News about Britain 13:15 New Ideas 13:25 The Week in Wales 13:30 The Hottor and The Courage 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Sports Round-up 14:45 Jubilee Concert 15:00 World News; 15:09 24 Hours: News Sammary 15:30 Network U.K. 15:45 The Pleasure's Yours 16:30 Discovery 17:00 Radio Newsteel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Assignment 18:45 The World Today 19:89 WoorldNews 19:89 Meridian 19:49 The Week in Wales 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News about Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Thirty Minute Theatre 21:89 Outlook: Summery 21:39 Stock Market Report

21:43 Lock Ahead 21:45 Report on Religion 22:06 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:39 A Jolly Good Show 23:15 Ulster Newsletter 23:20 In the Meantime 23:30 Business Manters 24:00 World News 00:09 The World Today 00:25 The Week in Wales 00:30 Financial News 00:40 Reflections

rogramme 01:3 Meridian

VOICE OF AMERICA 85:00 Daybreak 96:00 The Breakfast Show 17:00 News Roundup: Reports, opinions, analyses 17:30 VOA Magazine Show: Americana, science, culture, letters 18:00 Special English News 18:10 Special English Science & Technology Report 18:15-Feature: The Making of a Nation (Friday: The Living English News 18:00 News 18:00 Acceptance of the News 18:00 News 18: Earth) 18:30 Now Music USA (Friday: Country Music USA) 19:00 News Roundup 19:30 Dateline 28:00 Special English News 20:10 Science and Technology Report 20:15 Feature 20:36 Music USA 21:00 News Roundup 21:30 VQA Magazine Show 22:00 Special English News 22:10 Science and Technology Report 22:15 Music USA:

60:45 Sports Round-up 01:00 World News; Commentary 01:15 Merchant

artiss and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist strists. Mun-tazah, Jabal Luwelbdeh. Opening Technology Report 22:15 Music USA: Juzz 23:60 VOA World Report

TODAY'S EVENTS

American Centre Thursday at 10:00 a.m. and 4:00 p.m.

EXHIBITIONS

Tunisian cosmmes, at the French Cul-tural Centre.

Exhibition of handmade quilts at the

American Centre. Ends Thursday.

American Centre tel. 41520
Brirish Council
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute
Goethe Institute
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 3977
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111

Folkiore Minemat: Jewelry and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.

Jordan Archaeological Minemat: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qafa (Citadel Hill).

Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official hours 10.00 a.m.

FILMS

WHAT'S GOING ON

* Les Visiteurs du Soir by Marcel Carne, at the French Cultural Centre Thursday at 8:30 p.m.

CULTURAL CENTRES

French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 665195
Hussein Youth City 667181
Y.W.C.A 41793
Y.W.M.A 664251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library 84355
MUSEUMS

(Fridays and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. 4.00 p.m.). Closed Tuesdays. Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of pointings, ceramics, and scolection by contemporary Islamics. sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim coun-

St. Joseph Caurch (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, tel. 24590. Church of the Anausciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Luweibdeh, 37440. in. 661757. Church of the Assumptiati Orthodox) Abdali, 23541. Amelican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabai Amman, 43453, Armenian Catholic Charch Ashrafieb, 71331. dan Orthodox Church Ashrafich St. Ephraim Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafieh, 71751.

Amman International Church (Inter-

bours: 10.00 a.m: - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30

p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

Military Museum: Collection of military

Military Missessant Collection of military memorabilis dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports City, Atuman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m. Closed Saturdays. Tel. 664240. Popular Life of Jordan Moseana: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.

uesdays. Tel. 37169.

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Tyche

Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at

the Amman Marriott Hotel, 1.30 p.m. Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Im. 1:30 p.m. Rotary Club. Meetings every Tuesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2.00 p.m. Royal Automobile Club. Juhal Amman.

CHURCHES

Royal Automobile Club. Jahal An Eighth Circle. Tel. 815261.

denominational): meets at Souther Baptist School in Shmeisani, 663249. PRAYER TIMES

05:11		Fa
06-55		(Summing Chair
11:48		(Sumrise) Shuri
14:43		
17-04		Maghre
10.24	M4	, jej

06:90 Newsdesk 06:30 Country Style 06:45 Financial News 06:55 Reflections

inform	nformation is supplied by Alia ation department at Amman Air- l. 92205-6, where a should always fied.
ARR	IVALS
98:4 5 06:55	

AMMAN AIRPORT

FOR THE TRAVELLER

12:45

15:30

20:00 20:15

21:30

69:1 5	Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ
09:36	Jeddah (R.)
	Dhahran (RJ
09:45	Kowait (RJ
	Dhahran (TK
	Beirut (RI)
10:35	Dhahran, Riyadh (SV
10:46	Kuwait (SR
	Abu Dhabi, Bahrain (GF
	Kowait (KAC)
16:30	
	Lamaka (R.f.
16:45	Athens (RI
16.55	Agaba (RJ
10:22	Адаон (К.)
17:15	New York, Vienna (R)
17:30	London (RJ
	Amsterdam, Beirut (KLM
	Athens (GF
10.05	The Date Albert Of
فكتما	Helsinki, Berlin, Athens (Al
18 -3 6	Cairo (Ri
	Rome (RJ)

Tripoli (LN) rut (MEA)

20:15 20:40 22:30

DEPARTURES
94:30 Istanbul, Belgrade (JA
84:45 Cairo (R
06:15 Damascus, Frankfust (Li
07:80 Aqaba (R
07:05 Cairo (E
68:45 Beirut (ME/
10:30 Rome (R
10:45 Athens (R
10:50 Ankara, Istanbul (TI
11:00 Amsterdam, New York (R
11:15 Tripoli, Madrid (R
11:36 Athens (G
11:30 Geneva, Zurich (SI
12:00

94c30 Istanbul, Belgrade (JAT)
84:45 Cairo (RJ)
06:15 Damascus (RJ)
96:15 Damascus, Frankfurt (LH)
97:80 Aqaba (RJ)
07:05 Cairo (ÈA)
98:45 Beirut (MEA)
18:36 Rome (RJ)
19:45 Athens (RJ)
1940 manningsupanting Australia (AU)
10:50 Ankara Istanbul (TK)
11:00 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)
11:15 Tripoli, Madrid (RJ)
11:36 Athens (GF)
11:30 Geneva, Zurich (SR)
12:00
12-15 Lameca (RJ)
12:15 Frankfurt, Brussels (RJ)

Rivadh, Dhahran (SV)

Kuwait (RJ)

Bahrain, Abu Dhabi (GF)

Bahrain, Doha (RJ)

Abu Dhabi (RJ)

Cairo (RJ)

.... Aqaba (RJ) Kuwait (KAC) Baghdad (RI) Beirut (RI)

Bachdad (RJ)

Dubai, Muscat (RJ)

MONE! EXCHANGE		
Local sellibuy rates in fils		
Beigian franc		
Dutch guilder		
Egyptian guinea 323/ 330.5		
French franc		
Iraqi dinar		
Italian lire (for 100) 25_5/ 25.7		
Japanese yen (for 100) 149.3/ 150.2		
Kuwani dinar 1216.8/ 1222.8		
Lebanese lira 90.1/ 91.1		
Omani riyal 1016/ 1027.2		
Qatari riyal		
Saudi riyal 102.7/ 103.6		
Swedish crown 47.4/ 47.8		
Swiss franc		
Syrian lira		
UAE dirham		
U.K. sterling pound 548.3/ 551.6		
U.S. dollar		
W. German mark 146.7/ 147.6		

WEATHER ulletin supplied by the Department of

It will be partly cloudy. Winds vilight and variable changing to easterly moderate. In Aqaba winds northerly moderate and seas	de will
Low/high temperature in	der.C.
Amman	ÕV 6
Aqaba	9/17
Deserts	-4/7

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 5, Aqaba 15. Humidity read-ings: Amman 51 per cent, Aqaba 56 per

Today 80:25 The Week in Wales 00:30

AMMAN AIRPORT

67:15	Cairo (EA)
06:55	Aqaba (RJ)
09:00	Csiro (RJ)
09:15	Aba Dhabi (RJ)
09:2 0	Ras Al Khaima, Dubai (RJ)
09:39	,,,,,, Jeddah (RJ)
89:45	Kuwait (RJ)
11:10	Cairo (EA)
13:15	Moscow (SU)
14:40	London (BA)
15:30	
	4 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

EMERGENCIES - 193, 75111

Blood bank	751
Civil Defence rescue	6611
Fire headquarters	22090
Police rescue 192, 2111	
Police beadquarters	
Traffic police	
Electric Power Co	
Municipal water service	71125
-	-

2 IATIG2OM

HUBITI ALD
Hussein Medical Centre ., 813813-32
Khalidi Maternity, J. Amman 44281-4
Akleh Matemay, J. Amman 42441
Jabal Amman Maternity 42362
Malhes, J. Amman 36140
Palestine, Shmeisani 664171-4
Shmeisani Hospital 669131-5
University Hospital 845845
Dar Al-Shifa, J. Hussein 667158
Al-Mussher Hospital 667227-9
The Islamic, Abdali 665292
Al-Ahli, Abdali 664164
Italian, Al-Muhajreen 77101-3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieb 75111
Army, Marka
NIGHT DUTY

AMMAN Dr. Musa Ahmad Bashir 38356

At Dajani pharmacy 669620
Falastine pharmacy 25216
Khayyam taxi 41541
Bassam taxi
Abli taxi
Khaldoun taxi
Allandou (AXI
IRBID: Dr. Zeid Jaredat
ZARQA: Dr. Tareq Hijjawi
GENERAL
Jordan Television 73111

. 74203

Al Hossein pharmacy

Jordan Television		
Ministry of Tourism	423	11
Hotel complaints6		
Price complaints 6	51 I	76
Telephone:		
Information		
Jordan and Middle East calls		
Oversess calls		17
Cable or telegram		18
Repair service		11
_		
	_	_

MARKET PRICES

Upperllower price in fils per kg.	England (Inner)
	Eggplant (large)
Apple (American) 500 / 450	Garlic
Apple (Double Red) 240 / 200	Grapefruit
Apple (Golden) 240 / 200	Lemon (local)
Apple (Turkish) 240 / 200	Marrow (large)
Apple (French) 350 / 300 .	Marrow (small) 360 / 30
Apple (Starken) 250 / 200	Onice (dry) 110 / 8
Banana 260 / 200	Onion (green) 240 / 18
Banana (Mukammar) 225 / 180	Oranges 200 / 20
Beans450 / 400	Otaligns 200 / 20
Boom (1-10)	Oceanus (Mandarina) 200 / LC
Beans (broad)	Oranges (Mandarine) 200 / 16
Beans (green) 700 / 600	Oranges (shamouti) 200 / 16
Bomali 240 / 280	Oranges (local)
Cabbage 70 / 50	Pepper (Sweet) 560 / 50
Carrot 180 / 150	Pepper (Hot Green) 560 / 50
Cauliflower (white) 110 / 80	Potatoes
Chestouts	Radish
	Spinesh - 70 / 3
Cocodus	Spinach 120 / 9
Cucumber (large) 400 / 300	Tomatoes
Cucumber (small)	Turnip 180 / 15
_ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ · _ ·	•

11:06

12:15

14:15

London (RJ) . Madrid (RJ) 16:45 .. Paris (RJ) 16:45 k, Frankfurt (RJ)

16:15

		ш,
17:00	Athens	ÌR.
17:16	Cairo (Ė٨
17:15	New York, Amsterdam	æ
18.66	Cairo	ÌR.
19:50	Frankfurt, Damascus (ш
21:29	Zurich, Athens	SI
21:30	Baghdad	R
24:00	Cairo	R
00:30	Baghdad	R
61:16		ĒĀ

DEPARTURES

16:00	Dar-e-salam (1	3,4
16:30		١Ċ
16:50	Medina, Jeddah (s.
18:10	······ Cairo (E	
18:30	Baghdad (5
19:08	Kuwait (Ď
15:13	Dhahran (R,
19:40	Bahrain, Doha (R
19:50	Abu Dhahi C	ъ
A0:00	Cairo I	D
. Wills	Backdad (ъ
28:30	Dubai, Karachi (õ
22:15	Abu Dhabi (2
.02-10	C-i	31

... Athens, Berlin, Helsinki (RJ)

... Vienna, New York (RJ)

Geneva, Frankfurt (RJ)

.... Athens, Copenhagen (RI)

..... Cairo (EA)

Moscow (SU)

Agaba (RJ)

JORDAN TELEVISION

FOR FRIDAY

MAIN CHANNEL Chikiren's Program

10:50 11:10 Programme on Sports & Space Religious Programme Lessie Mary Taylor Moore 14:00 15:30 Doctor Arabic Series
... Chis Holms 15:19 Religious Programme News in Arabic Arabic Series

Arabic Series News in Arabic

FOR	EIGN CHANNEL
	French Programme (feature film)
77:30 10:30	News in Helnew
19. 10	100 Great Paintings Nicholas Nicklely
	News in English

10	
. ••	ı
RADIO JORDAN	
855 KHz AM & 99 MHz, FM	Į
& partly on 9560 KHz, SW	Į
sa Marria Chry	•

15-00

:05 :00	_ Instrumentals, Old Favourites
Ŀ 0 5	News Summary Top Twenty News Deak
:38 :30	25 Years of Rock Talking Points Jazz Hour
	Name Communicati

Listeners' Choice

News St

Friday Special

Jordan Weekly Concert Hour

BBC WORLD SERVICE 639, 720, 1413 KHz

07:00 World News 07:09 24 Hours News Summary \$7:30 English Baroque Music \$7:45 The World Today \$8:00 Newsdeak 68:09 Programme Cancelled 68:30 Fiesta 09:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours: News Summary 09:30 Inter-mezzo 09:45 Merchant Navy Progunme 10:00-World News 10:09 Reflec tions 19:15 Voices to Remember 19:30 tions 18:15 Voices to Remember 19:30
The Midwich Cuckoos 11:06 World
News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15
The World Today 11:30 Financial News
11:46 Look Ahead 11:46 Big Band
Sound 12:15 Merchant Navy Programme 12:30 Business Manters 13:00
World News 13:09 News about Britain
13:15 In the Meantime 13:25 Ulster

Newsletter 13:30 Meridian 14:00 Jazz Score 14:15 Jazz for the Asking 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24 Hours: News Summary 15:30 Book, Music and Lyrics 16:15 Letterbox

16:30 Album Time 16:45 Programme Cancelled 17:00 Radio Newsreel 17:15 Outlook 18:00 World News 18:09 Commentary 18:15 Science in Action 18:45 The World Today 19:00 World News; 19:09 Sarah and Company 19:40 Book Choice 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 World News 20:09 News abou Britain 20:15 Radio Newsreel 20:30 Cancer and the Environment 21:06 Out look 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:43 Look Ahead; About Britain 22:00 World News 22:09 24 Hours News Summary 22:36 Why Don't You Get A Proper Job 23:90 Network U.K. 23:15 Music Now 23:45 I Say, You Chaps! 24:86 World News 09:09 The World

Financial News, Reflections 90:45 Spots Round-up 01:80 World News 01:09 Commentary 01:15 From the Weeklies 01:36 Thirty Minute Theatre

ARRIVALS

England revives chances of making World Series finals

the forgotten man of England's cricket tour of Australia, revived his side's chances of making the finals of the World Series one-day Cup with a match-winning spell against Australia at the Sydney Cricket Ground Wednesday.

Jackman, playing his first international for England on tour, grabbed the prize wickets of Kim Hughes and Greg Chappell, both without scoring, and Kepler Wessels for one to spearhead England's 98-run victory in a rainshortened match.

Jackman showed his lack of match practice when he was hammered for 21 runs off his first two overs, but in his next eight he took three wickets while conceding just

England captain Bob Willis, badly needing a win to keep England in contention for the finals, had no hesitation in batting Wednesday after winning the toss in hot, humid conditions.

But again his top-order batting proved fallible, with four wickets tumbling for 47 runs before Derek Randall and Trevor Jesty rescued their side with an invaluable fifth-wicket partnership of 54 off 13 overs.

Randall again showed his flair for the unorthodox, hitting 47 before he was run out, while Jesty played his best innings since joining the side as a replacement with a well played 30.

Wicketkeeper lan Gould maintained the momentum with a sparkling 42, including some spanking cover drives.

England were eventually all out

play with Dennis Lillee taking 11 off 3.3 overs and fellowthree for 34 off eight overs and Rodney Hogg three for 44 off 10.

Australian openers John Dyson and Allan Border gave their side an enterprising start when they put on 40 in seven overs before Willis caught and bowled border for 31.

Ian Botham, who bowled only two overs, then had Dyson snapped up by Randall for 23 but at 72 for two Australia seemed well placed for their victory

It was then that Willis recalled Jackman to the attack and the 37-year-old Surrey medium pacer fully repaid his confidence with an immaculate exhibition of line-

and-length bowling.
With the dismissal of Hughes and Chappell the Australian innings rapidly went into a terminal decline, David Hookes alone standing firm with a hard-hit

Off-spinner Eddie Hemmings, playing his first one-day match. Cup match.

after rain had temporarily halted after a wrist injury, took three for spinner Vic Marks took two for 12

> Afterwards Jackman, who was named man-of-the-match, said he had been confident that he could perform well despite not having played for more than a month.

We had 16 selected to do a job in Australia-I'm only one of the party," he said. "It's a hazard you face on tour."

Australian skipper Hughes said Australia's performance had been their worst of the tournament. "We batted badly," Hughes said.
"We were 72 for two and all out for 109. Those sort of figures are just not on."

The result means England now share second place with New Zealand in the competition. Australia have eight points from seven games, England six from seven and New Zealand six from six.

England play New Zealand in Adelaide on Friday in the next

last of which starts at Karachi from

Light rain fell here Wednesday

The Indian batsmen at the

crease when play stopped 50

minutes before the scheduled

close Tuesday were Yashpal

Sharma on 63 and Dilip Ven-

gsarkar on one. Earlier 88 minutes

had been lost through bad light.

and the forecast was for further

rain during the next 24 hours.

next Sunday.

Rain threatens 5th test at Lahore

LAHORE, Pakistan (R) — Rain Wednesday threatened to interrupt the fifth cricket test between India and Pakistan which resumes here Thursday after Wednesday's rest day.

The match however already looks headed for a draw with two days play remaining. India are 253 for three in their first innings in reply to Pakistan's 323 all out.

Pakistan have an unbeatable for 208 off their allotted 41 overs | 3-0 lead in the six-test series, the

NCAA changes 44 football rules; most aim to protect against injury

The Associated Press

SCOTTSDALE, Arizona - The National Collegizte Athletic Association's Football Rules Committee has approved 44 rule changes, with most designed to give added protection to quarterbacks, punters and kick retur-

One rule would permit a seventh official on the field to act 'as a side-judge" and free the referee to concentrate solely on roughing-the-passer infractions.

'Since there's an increase in the passing game throughout college football, this seems like a neces-sary rule," Hugh Hindman, chairman of the rules committee, said Wednesday after three days of meetings here. "But it's a permissive rule, not a mandatory one.

"The various conferences and independents can adopt it if they choose to. This rule frees the referee from some areas of coverage that he shouldn't have-like holding along the line of scrimmage and illegal use of the hands. The seventh official would then be like a centerfielder. He can watch the actions of the tight-end, who usually gets away with a lot of things, and the referee can keep his eyes on the quarterback."

The committee also made it an automatic first down after a roughing-the-passer penalty, assessed a five-yard penalty for rushers running into a placekicker or punter and established a two-yard buffer zone around a player trying to receive a kick.

"These are all safety precautions," said Davey Nelson, the committee's secretary and editor who doubles as athletic director at the University of Delaware.

"We've always had a 15-yard penalty for roughing the kicker, but this five-yarder is for rushers just running into him. And we've also instituted an unsportsmanlike conduct penalty for punters faking aroughing call. They'll be no more

Hindman, who is Ohio State's athletic director, said: "Anytime a punt is on its downward arc, the receiver must bave a two-yard buffer area to catch the ball. If not, it's a 15-yard penalty. We're trying to eliminate the instantaneous

According to Nelson, the committee also resolved "one of the most confusing rules we've had in the book"--penalties at the end of

"If there's a penalty, any period will now be extended-even if it's right before halftime or the end of the game," he said. "This is the first time this rule has been changed in 60 years."

Any demonstrations in the end zone after touchdowns--like taunting a beaten defender with the football or swarming of teams onto the field after scores--is now a 15-yard penalty.

"It used to be five yards for delay of game, but we're trying to clamp down on this," Hindman said. "We're not trying to destroy enthusiasm. We are trying to stop spiking, dancing, players not giving the ball back to the officials immediately, throwing it into the stands of taking it to the

Nelson added: "That's a \$29 ball. That's a felony." Teams winning the traditional

pregame coin toss will now have the option of kicking off or receiving in either the first or second half-not just the first.

"It's a strategy type of rule change and I think it'll be interesting," Hindman said. "And they also can choose which end of the field they want to defend. Fans will walk into a stadium on a windy day and wonder what a coach is going to do."

In all, the committee considered 108 recommendations from coaches across the country "but many of the 44 approved are either editorial or the kind most fans won't recognise although they're very important to offi-

Jackson assails entrance rules

The Reverend Jesse Jackson, a civil rights activist, has asserted that the NCAA was out to protect 'inferior" white athletes when it imposed stiffer college entrance requirements on athletic scho-

"The ruling they passed last week was short-sighted and mean-spirited," Jackson said this week on the campus of Southern University in Baton Rouge, Louisiana, the largest predominantly black college in the United States. "They used literacy tests to deny us the right to vote. Then they want to use standardised tests because white boys are inferior athletes to blacks."

Jackson held out the threat of social, political and legal pressure, saying: "NC-double-A. the preachers are coming.

"NC-double-A, the black lawyers are coming. NC-double-A, the black

-caucus is coming. "NC-double-A, black students

are coming. "And we don't like what we

55 Woodwing instrument in 10 Beach stuff 56 One who 14 Close golf shifts the 61 Puts on 29 Branch

28 Sc: Scot. 30 Biblical

THE Daily Crossword by Marion Mosses

50 Throngs 52 Distilled

substance

Jacob's son

shamrocks

63 Fra Lippo-

DOWN

.65 Land of

54 Hindu god

22 Royal abode

24 Of a court

25 Casats

32 Hep

Spain's

hero Englist

novelist

Barns In

England 36 Lacking the

magic touch Bikini part

as spelled

there River in

stoppers 6 Fillies' iudicial figure 31 Building moms 15 Don't ₩ø ---' give — 16 Miles of 37 Journalisi

1 Bottle

the Year'

17 Greenback and TV host 64 Pub drinks 19 Adore 41 Look over 20 Old-time the layout 42 See bird comic Roscos 43 Filvver 21 Walked carefully a dance 23 Financed 46 Ethiopian 26 "Woman of

Yesterday's Puzzle Solved:

66 Dose in commander 3 Kinsman 47 Stay around 48 Costtails

40 Remove 45 Fit for Russlan growing 47 S.A. lend Sudder angry wo Onasski 8 Its capital French 49 More loyal is Valietta in a way 10 Animai

51 Ellipses 52 Musical Old Greek "-- and his 54 Derma money are 12 Hub 59 Building - Scott Biblical adjunct

FURNISHED FLAT

De luxe furnished flat in Jabal Amma 3rd Circle, consisting of two bedrooms, salon, sitting and dining room, spacious. kitchen, with TV room, wall-to-wall carpeting. Centrally heated with telephone and garden.

FOR RENT

Please call: 43694

Advertise by mail in the Jordan Times

The Jordan Times can accept classified advertisements that their advertisements to the Jordan Times office or to are sent in by mail and accompanied by full payment in cash. Readers and advertisers who cannot conveniently

EMPLOYMENT WANTED

English educated, well experienced Sri Lankan maid seeks

Telephone: 72437 between 9 a.m. and 3 p.m. or write

Mrs. Theima Pereira

P.O. Box 410477

Jabal Al Taj

employment with foreign couple immediately.

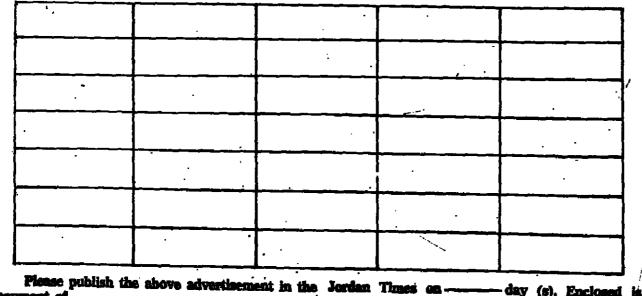
- 1. Full payment in cash or cheque accompanies the adv-
- 2. The minimum charge for a single advertisement is JD
- 3. Advertisements sent by mail cannot contain any artwork such as company emblems, photos or drawings, but must consist only of a headline and copy that will be typeset by the Jordan Times.
- 4. Advertisements are not accepted over the telephone or telex, and guaranteed insertions on specific dates can only be assured by sending in the advertisements so they reach the Jordan Times office at least two days before the required day of publication.

an advertising agency office in Amman may send in their ads by mail on the following conditions:

- 5. For the minimum price of JD 7.500, the advertiser will have published an advertisement of three centimetres on two columns, which will have a maximum of 30 words, including the headline and telephone numbers to be called. The JD 7.500 charge is for one insertion; two insertions cost JD 15, three insertions cost JD 22.500 etc.
- 6. For a larger ad, the rates are JD 10 for 40 words and JD 12:500 for 50 words.
- 7. You can take advantage of the Jordan Times advertising by mail facility by completing the form below and mailing it with full payment in cash or cheque to:

Advertising Department The Jordan Times. P.O.Box 6710, Amman, Jordan.

(write one word only per box - please print)



Germany looked set for a second successive Monte Carlo Rally vic-

Rohrl strengthens lead

MONTE CARLO (R) - World Champion Walter Rohrl of West tory after the end of Wednesday's marathon second stage.

Rohrl, winner in 1980 and 1982, dominated the last two timed sections of the 1,581-km leg, increasing his advantage over Lancia teammate Markku Alen of Finland to three minutes and 25

Early leader Stig Blomqvist of Sweden, fourth overnight, moved up one place in his four-wheel drive Audi Quattro but was over

eight minutes behind Rohrl. Henri Toivonen of Finland

slipped from third to seventh after losing nearly eight minutes because of a flat tyre to his Opel' and finished the stage over 16 minutes behind Rohrl.

A total of 150 cars reached Monaco but only the top 100 cars tackle the third and final leg which starts Thursday afternoon.

Barring accidents, a Lancia should triumph here on Friday in what is traditionally the opening event of the World Championship

FOR SALE

Toyota Corona, Liftback, 1979

American specifications, power steering, AM/FM radio, luxury interior, customs unpaid, 12500 miles

Tel. 44141

GOVERNMENT TENDERING DIRECTORATE **ANNOUNCEMENT** SCHOOL BUILDINGS PROJECT **MOE - PROJECT NO. 4**

The Central Tendering Committee announces the tender of the following buildings:

1- The General Vocational School for Girls/Ruselfa (Area 7000m²)

2- The General Vocational School for Girls/Amman

(Area 7200m²) All classified contractors for the years 1979-1982 in the

Ministry of Public Works as class "A" and "B" General, Class "A" buildings, and all international contracting firms registered at the International Bank for Development and Reconstruction are invited to get copies of the tendering documents from the project implementation unit, the Ministry of Education (behind the General Security offices, Tel. 661166) for a non-refundable fee of JD 100 for every copy of each school.

Last date for obtaining tender documents is Monday,:

Last date for submitting tender documents is Saturday, 5.3.1983 before 12 O'clock noon, at the Ministry of Public Works, Government Tenders Directorate.

NOTES:

1- All tenderers have to submit their offers in two separate envelopes. The first containing their pre-qualification documents and technical offer including time schedule, equipment, previous experience, and work load. The second envelope should contain financial offer and priced bill of quantities.

2- All tenderers have to fill the prices in the bill of quantity both in numbers and letters.

3- A tender bond of 5% of the amount of the tender should be attached to each offer.

Chairman-Central Tendering Committee

SCANDINAVIAN FURNITURE

AND HOUSEHOLD SALE 4th floor (big balconies) opposite Commodore Hotel.

· TO LET

Fully furnished house. Centrally heated. Jabal Amman, 4th Circle. Consists of two bedrooms, two bathrooms, large living room, dining room, two verandas, one of them glassedin. Facing Abdoun Valley. With garage and telephone.

Tel. 44963, 24668.

Embassy of the **United States of America**

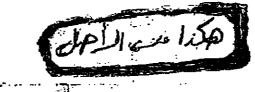
Notice to all American citizens living in the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan.

American citizens residing in Jordan are requested to visit the American Embassy Consular Section in order to register if they have not done so in the past.

Previously registered citizens should telephone or contact the American Consultate to inform it of their continued presence in the country and any change in telephone, address or employment. The American Embassy is located in Jabal Amman

is 44371. P.O. Box 354. The consular Section is open to the public 8:00 a.m. to 3 p.m. Sunday thru, Thursday,

between second and third circles, directly across from the Jordan Intercontinental Hotel. The phone number



5555

Look for "SALE" sign. Hours 1705 p.m. daily.

AL SALAM

DE LUXE

APARTMENTS FOR RENT

Near 5th Circle Pharmacy,

Tel. 814969. Consisting of one room and hall-four

rooms and hall. Centrally

Furniture is de kuxe

heated with telephone.

to ol-

ECONOMY

France calls on EEC to respond to U.S.-Egypt deal

on the European Community Tuesday to respond to what it called an aggressive American move to sell subsidised flour to

Egypt.

Andre Chandernagor, French minister of European affairs, told journalists he had asked the European Commission to find an appropriate response to the deal, which pushed European and especially French sellers out of the lucrative Egyptian market for a year.

Commission Vice-President Wilhelm Haferkamp told him the 7: Commission would do as he asked, he said.

The United States announced last week that it was selling Egypt one million tonnes of subsidised

U.S. officials described it as retaliation against the 10-nation Community's food export policies, which the Americans say give unfair subsidies to farmers. After talks in Washington earlier this month, the Commission's Agriculture Director Claud Villain told Community governments that prospects for avoiding a Transatiantic conflict over agricul-

ture seemed better. But Mr. Chandernagor, speaking on the second day of a Com-

₹EC

BRUSSELS (R) - France called showed that the atmosphere had not really improved.

He called the American sale aggressive and said the Comnaturity now had to pick up the gaumtlet.

"Nobody wants a trade war, most of all France, but we cannot let this move go unanswered," he

The Reagan administration says the Community's subsidies are used to push American farmers out of their traditional markets, and has lodged a complaint about flour exports in the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade

The Community traditionally sells about 700,000 tonnes of flour each year to Egypt and officials say the American deal closes the market to European traders for the next 12 months.

The U.S. flour deal was particularly unexpected here because Washington had hinted strongly that any retaliation against the Community would involve dairy

Meanwhile the European Community agreed Tuesday to open talks with Mediterranean countries whose economies and political situation could be affected when Spain and Portugal munity foreign ministers meeting, join the Common Market, offi-said the Egyptian deal clearly cials said.

U.K. business leaders call for aid to industry

LONDON (R) - Business leaders called Wednesday for aid to industry rather than personal tax cuts in Britain's annual budget on March 15, widely expected to be the last before a general election. Although an election does not have to be held until May 1984, politicians and commentators are forecasting that it could come any time after this June, and some predict tax cuts aimed at gaining popularity for Conservative Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher.

The Confederation of British Industry (CBI) employers' organ-isation Wednesday suggested a £2.6 billion (S4 billion) package of measures to make industry more competitive and profitable.

The CBI urged the chancellor of the exchequer (finance minister), Sir Geoffrey Howe, to concentrate budget relief on business rather than individuals as the best way to boost output, jobs and industry:

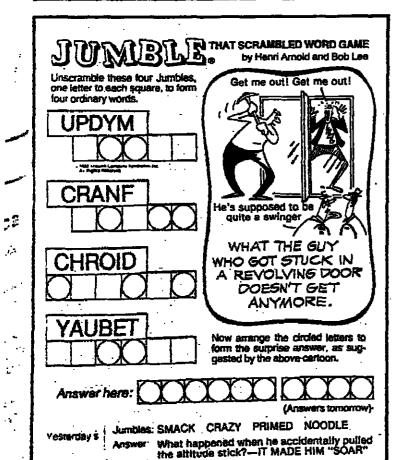
Egypt orders foreign firms to recruit local manpower

CAIRO (R). - Foreign companies operating in Egypt were instructed to limit employment of expatriates to only 10 per cent of the total working force, the official Middle East News Agency (ME-NA) reported Wednesday.

Egyptian minister of manpower Mr. Saad Mohammad Ahmad was quoted by MENA as saying that a new set of regulations were issued which stipulate that: "Foreign experts at any organisation should not exceed 10 per cent of the total number of its working force giving Egyptians first priority."



'I'm not sure, but I think he's upset because we forgot to put him on our Christmas card list."



ters agreed to a French proposal to hold the talks parallel to entry negotiations with Spain and Portugal to avoid hurting their economies.

Cyprus, Malta, Morocco, Tunisia, Israel and, to a lesser degree, Turkey and Yugoslavia depend heavily on exports of fruit, vegetables, eggs and olive oil to the 10-nation Community under favourable trading agreements.

But studies show that once Spain and Portugal join, expected by about 1986, the Community will have a surplus of such products and the Mediterranean suppliers might have to seek new

Many Community officials say the only markets they might be able to find would be in the Soviet bloc, creating a possible dependence on Communist countries.

Mr. Chandernagor told reporters that the Community's executive commission had been asked to suggest ways of avoiding such destabilisation and of holding talks with the Mediterranean countries.

He also said a number of other issues regarding Spanish and Portuguese entry had been discussed Tuesday, including textiles, Community investment, duties on cars and the free movement of Portuguese workers in the Community.

The Community has proposed a seven-year transition period to allow Portuguese workers to move freely in the Community but Luxembourg, where foreigners account for almost one third of the population, wants to be considered a special case.

Further talks on the issue would be held in the next two months,

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) - Equities turned mixed after early gains in quiet trading as sterling continued steady and uncertainty remained following the inconclusive OPEC meeting, dealers said.

In oils B.P. and Shell were unchanged on balance at 318 and 410 respectively after early rises. Among leading industrials Plessey was unchanged at 564 after 574 and Distillers was up 3p at 252. The F.T. index at 1500 Wednesday was up 0.7 at 614.9. Blue Circle fell 3p to 420 and Aberthaw shed 60p at 540 on fears that the agreed merger might be referred to the Monopolies

Golds and North American shares were higher. Government bonds were quietly firmer, though off the highs, on the back of sterling's strength against the dollar with gains extending to ¼ point in longer dated issues, dealers said.

Associated Diaries was up 10p at 158 after interim figures at

the top end of market expectations while Mercantile House Hold-

ings firmed 35p at 735 after Tuesday's interims. Breweries were

firm with Guinness up 5p at 116 after Tuesday's annuals. In firmer banks Natwest was up 10p at 510 while Lloyds and Midland were up 8p at 418 and 323 respectively. Life insurances were weak with losses of 2p common.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) - Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

1.5457/67 1.2340/43 2.4160/70 2.6535/45 1.9835/50 47,27/32 6.8460/8510

1387.50/1388.50 234.65/80 7.3810/60

7.1250/1300 8,4680/4780 488.25/489.25 One ounce of gold

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns

Norwegian crowns Danish crowns U.S. dollars

NEWS IN BRIEF

Kuwait may cut oil prices

BAHRAIN (R) — Kuwait Wednesday hinted it might cut its oil price unless other members of OPEC (Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries) stopped giving discounts. OPEC faces a growing crisis after oil ministers failed to agree on sharing the glutted market at weekend talks in Geneva. Indonesia's Finance Minister Ali Wardhana and Oil Minister Subroto were in Jeddah Wednesday after talks in Riyadh Tuesday with Saudi Arabian Oil Minister Ahmad Zaki Yamani.

Dollar falls on currency markets

LONDON (R) - The dollar fell on world currency markets Tuesday, including a drop of nearly six yen in Tokyo, on expectations of further declines in U.S. interest rates, dealers said. They said President Reagan's call Tuesday night for lower interest rates and his announcement of measures to cut U.S. budget deficits would put further pressure on the central bank to liberalise its money policy. Sterling rose in London against all major currencies after its recent sharp losses. The Bank of England's tradeweighted index, based on a basket of currencies of Britain's major trading partners with a 1975 base of 100, opened at 81.2 after closing Tuesday at 81.0.

Ethiopia allows joint ventures

ADDIS ABABA (R) - Ethiopia's left-wing military government has issued a proclamation allowing the formation of joint ventures backed by 51 per cent of Ethiopian public capital and 49 per cent of foreign private or public capital. The proclamation, coming eight years after the nationalisation of most privatelyowned Ethiopian firms, was intended to develop the national economy, generate foreign exchange and create jobs, officials said. Under the proclamation, joint ventures on new projects would be exempt from income tax for five years. Thereafter, they would be subject to 40 per cent tax on their taxable income.

Philippines tightens wage transfers

MANILA (R) - President Ferdinand Marcos, in a move to ease the country's balance of payments deficit, has instituted penalties against Filipino overseas workers who fail to remit part of their salaries to local banks, labour ministry officials said Wednesday. They said the penalties, contained in an order strengthening rules on mandatory remittance of overseas wages, are repatriation of a worker at his own expense and non-renewal of passports and employment contracts. Doctors, lawyers, engineers, teachers, nurses and other professionals must now send home 70 per cent of their monthly pay, up from the previous 50 per cent. Other contract workers follow the old rule--70 per cent for seaman and construction workers and 50 per cent for domestics and others.

Japan hopes to ease import policy

TOKYO (R) - Japanese Prime Minister Yasuhiro Nakasone said Tuesday his government hoped to put forward a bill aimed at further easing the country's non-teriff barriers to imports. Mr-Nakasone said he had ordered a task force led by chief cabinet secretary Mr. Masaharu Gotoda to present a report by the end of March on further measures to simplify import procedures and to ease Japan's safety and operating standards.

Brazil cuts pay rises

RIO DE JANEIRO (R) — Brazil has cut its six-monthly inflation-linked pay rises to workers in the last of major economic changes agreed with the International Monetary Fund (IMF), a planning ministry spokesman said. The changes enable Brazil to apply for a \$4.9 billion emergency IMF loan. Rises for the lowest paid, earning up to three times the official minimum wage, would now merely keep pace with increases in the consumer price index the spokesman said. Workers in higher pay brackets will receive rises below the rise in the consumer price index.

Peanuts





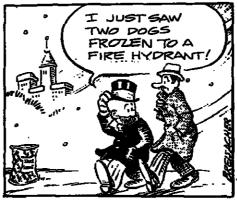




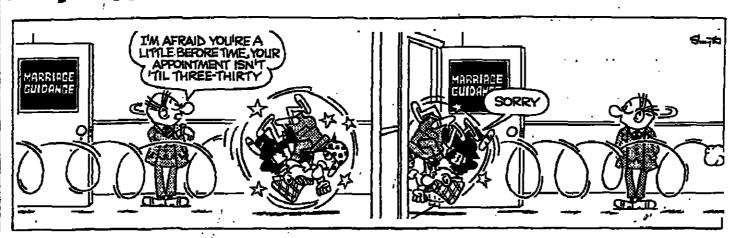
Mutt 'n' Jeff







Andy Capp



France moves to help 'new poor'

army of destitute, homeless and hungry people in Paris and other streets of Paris. large cities. Wednesday aimed at fighting a new breed of

At its weekly cabinet meeting. aiding the groups least able to cash become in on social benefit--single poor". mothers, the long-term unem-ployed, the insufficiently edu-

The poverty problem has grown dramatically in France in recent years, largely due to worsening unemployment which now stands at two million.

Half a million people are officially listed as living in aid from charities have more than

PARIS (R) — The French gov- doubled in the past three years, ernment, faced with a growing and the salvation army recently revived distribution of soup in the

On Monday, eight French charannounced a list of measures ity organisations sent delegates to the Elysee Palace to confer with President François Mitterrand on how best to help the increasing the government drafted a plan for number of aid seekers who have become known here as "the new

According to the aid groups, the profile of people being assisted has changed to include a new. community of unfortunates, strikingly different from France's traditional beggars and tramps.

The new poor, the aid groups say, suddenly find themselves in inextricable situations due to temporary handicaps such as the loss unsanitary dwellings, requests for of a job, illness, the break-up of a family.

YOUR DAILY from the Carroll Righter Institute

FORECAST FOR THURSDAY, JAN. 27, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good time to observe the progress you have made in the past and to draw up new plans for greater progress in the future. Strive for success and happiness.

ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Go to the right sources for information you need. Take time to visit with friends and relieve tensions you are under. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You may find it difficult

to handle monetary affairs early in the day but later they work out fine for you. Be wise. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Radical changes may be

required to gain your most cherished aims at this time. Be sure to improve your appearance. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) Make a deep

study of what is really important in your life and then go after your aims in a positive manner. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Friends cannot be of much help to you during the day, but can be relied upon in the

evening. Much pleasure is yours tonight. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Follow every rule and regulation that applies to you today and gain the respect of others. Be poised at all times.

LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Situations may not work out as fast as you would like at this time, but don't force matters, or you could get into trouble.

SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Compose yourself so that sudden-situations today will not get the best of you. The evening can be a most happy one.

SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Try to please others as much as possible today and avoid unpleasantness. Take time to meditate.

CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Be careful in the handling of important work at this time. Taking risks could bring trouble at this time.

AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Don't permit anyone to force you into some situation that you know is not right for you. Be poised at all times today.

PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Express your fine ability when called upon to do so today and please higher-ups. Come to a fine accord with associates.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be one who can easily get along well with others, so be sure to give the best education you can afford and future success is assured. Give ethical training early in life. Sports are a must in this chart.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

FORECAST FOR FRIDAY, JAN. 28, 1983

GENERAL TENDENCIES: A good time to consider the problems and perplexities that face you, and to plan a better way to operate in the days ahead. Take positive steps to gain your most cherished aims. ARIES (Mar. 21 to Apr. 19) Study your financial status

and make plans to have more security in the future. Find a better way to be more productive at work. TAURUS (Apr. 20 to May 20) You want to have more

abundance in the future but make sure your plans are practical. Relax at home tonight. GEMINI (May 21 to June 21) Don't do anything at this time that could jeopardize your fine reputation. Sidestep

one who is detrimental to your progress. MOON CHILDREN (June 22 to July 21) You are tempted to be too extravagant now, so take right steps to con-

trol this. Clear up whatever is in error. LEO (July 22 to Aug. 21) Contact a most successful person who can give you good ideas. Avoid the social today

and concentrate on business affairs. VIRGO (Aug. 22 to Sept. 22) Forget ideas of expansion right now and take care of problems at hand. Take pains

to handle routine tasks in an effective manner. LIBRA (Sept. 23 to Oct. 22) Make sure to carry through with promises you have made. Keep busy at tasks that

could bring you increased income. SCORPIO (Oct. 23 to Nov. 21) Applying yourself with more vigor at this time can result in added income. Don't

neglect to pay an important bill. SAGITTARIUS (Nov. 22 to Dec. 21) Use your ability to solve a difficult problem. You have excellent judgment

now and can easily gain your aims. CAPRICORN (Dec. 22 to Jan. 20) Strive to be more efficient at work and have more rapport with co-workers. Be

more serious and get good results. AQUARIUS (Jan. 21 to Feb. 19) Study whatever has been puzzling you in the past and come up with the right

answer. Your hunches are accurate now. PISCES (Feb. 20 to Mar. 20) Be sure not to invest more than you can afford or you could regret it later. Take modern treatments to improve your health.

IF YOUR CHILD IS BORN TODAY . . . he or she will be a clever person who can solve problems easily and should be given as fine an education as possible to make the most of this quality. There is musical ability in this chart. Teach good manners early in life.

"The Stars impel, they do not compel." What you make of your life is largely up to you!

Flying telescope launched successfully by NASA

VANDENBERG AIR BASE, not even known to be in space," a taught the satellite what to do, and California (R) - A three-nation infrared "flying telescope" was launched into orbit 900 kilometres above the earth Tuesday night to scan secrets of the universe never before seen by man

"The telescope will probe the last frontier of astronomy--seek out unknown stars, survey the milky way galaxy, which includes earth, and possibly reveal objects

Aran executes 22 guerrillas

LONDON (R) - Twenty-two leftist guerrillas were executed in the Caspian Sea resort of Amol Tuesday night for armed rebellion against Iran's clerical leadership.

Tehran Radio said. They were members of the Union of Iranian Communists who took over parts of the town last year in several days of violent clashes with revolutionary guards. The guerrillas went before a firing squad in the presence of relatives of guardsmen killed in the clashes.

LONDON (R) - In a court case

which could affect the timing and

decide the outcome of Britain's

next general election, the oppos-

ition Labour Party has lost an

appeal against revision of the

Opposition leader Michael Foot

and three frontbench par-

liamentary colleagues have been

battling through the courts to forestall the redrawing of the

lower court in December, and the

anact of appeal upheld that verdict

luesday. They have one week to

Their suit was rejected by a

country's political map.

country's electoral boundaries.

spokesman for the U.S. National Aeronautics and Space Administration (NASA) said.

The telescope, a \$180 million British-U.S.-Dutch project named IRAS (Infrared Astronomical Satellite) was fired into space aboard a U.S. delta rocket as dusk fell at Vandenberg

The three metre-long telescope, taking up almost all the room of the four-metre-long space craft, soared straight up into the clouds, a glaring white flame from the base of the rocket leaving behind a black trail.

One hour and 20 minutes after liftoff, the rocket passed over the Rutherford and Appleton Laboratory at Chilton, 32 kilometres south of Oxford, England, to receive its first command from earth during its seven-month

"Everything went according to the book. It was really thrilling," the manager of the Dutch part of the project, Dr. Jan de Koomen, said. "For seven years we had

decide whether to appeal to the

Political commentators esti-

mate that Labour would lose

about 30 additional seats on the

new boundaries, drawn up by an

Although opinion polls indicate

that Prime Minister Magaret

Thatcher and her Conservative

government could win an election

held now on the old boundaries,

politicians say it is almost

unthinkable that she would go to

the country before Labour's court

independent commission.

house of lords.

case is concluded.

Dr. Barry Martin of the British project team said: "Everything worked perfectly. We were delighted.

A protective hood over the silver and gold telescope is due to be ejected on Sunday and, after another week of checks, the instrument will begin its survey of the heavens.

"The telescope is the first of its kind to work above the earth's atmosphere and it will detect infrared, or beat radiation, clues from space objects hidden from earth by clouds of dust and gas which ordinary telescopes could not penetrate," the NASA spokesman said.

ing the satellite and providing other support, the Netherlands for the manufacture and testing of the pacecraft and the U.S. managed the development of the telescope. In addition, 27 astronomers from the three countries will assess the materials sent back to

earth by the craft.

Britain is responsible for track-

Naples protests against the Camorra

NAPLES, Italy (R) — Some Small business people say they 100,000 small businesses in the cannot hope to offer jobs or com-Naples area Wednesday began a two-day strike to protest against the protection rackets of the Camorra, the Naples Mafia, which shop owners say is driving them out of business.

Shops, bars, garages and restaurants planned to stay closed Wednesday and Thursday, with only hotels and some dispensing chemists due to stay open.

About 87 per cent of small businesses pay protection money, according to statistics compiled by their local association.

Fearing "accidents" if they report the extortion, the business people have long kept quiet and

parable wages while paying huge sums for protection. The local small traders associ-

ation recently called in Interior Ministry Virginio Rognoni to discuss their plight, explain their strike and ask for official help.

They asked Mr. Rognoni to allow them to report incidents of extortion to the police without giving their names, in the hope of avoiding reprisals.

The body of a man shot in a mafia-style execution was found Wednesday in the town of Casavatore near Naples, bringing the death toll in the Naples area underworld to 26 so far this year. police said.

Giovanni Casaltato, 30, was found with his arms handcuffed behind his back and a bullet in his

In a separate incidént, a young protection racketeer was shot dead by police Tuesday after he allegedly opened fire on them on the outskirts of Naples. An accomplice was wounded, police

Mobilisation against the Camorra should be spurred on in February, when union leaders are expected to join a national demonstration of students: in Naples against organised crime.

The Camorra is likely to face another setback later this year when 150 gangster suspects go on mass trial.

Ex-Bhutto aide wants treatment abroad

KARACHI (R) — A former Pakistani minister said Wednesday he had asked the military government to lift a travel ban on him so that he could receive medical treatment in the United

Abdul Hafeez Pirzada, law and parliamentary affairs minister in the government of executed Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto, said he needed coronary bypass

His wife's sister in the United States had guaranteed to meet his expenses and he did not need foreign exchange, he said. His nilitary overthrew the Bhutto government in 1977.

Several leaders of Mr. Bhutto's banned Pakistan Peoples Party (PPP) including his widow Nusrat, have recently been allowed to go abroad for medical treatment.

A doctor said Wednesday that the authorities had refused to let him meet Mrs. Bhutto's daughter Benazir personally to tell her about her condition in West Gerpassport was seized when the many where she it being treated for suspected cancer.

> Benazir, who was arrested in March 1981 and had been detained in various high security prisons, is now under house arrest in Karachi.

Court told now Groucho

LOS ANGELES (R) - The comthreatened to kill him for not obeying her orders, a former chief housekeeper for the late com-

Marx, who died five years ago aged 86, was very afraid of Erin

there was no fun in their relationship," Mr. Ballow told a court in Los Angeles Tuesday.

Marx from March 1975 until Jan. 1977, was witness for the Bank of America which is suing Miss Fleming for \$1.68 million.

The bank, administrator of the

and other gifts from Marx by exercisis execssive hillunder over Mr. Ballow said Miss Fleming's

ques. "It was a constant aggravation to her that he wouldn't sign cheques," he said.

that Miss Pleming repeated regul Marx she would put him the a nursing home.

Miss Fleming, a 42-year-old actress, is in hospital because of mental fatigue brought on by the court case, according to her

NEWS IN BRIEF

Over 5,000 Poles want to emigrate

WARSAW (R) - More than 5,000 Poles, including 1,429 people interned during the martial law period, have applied to emigrate since March last year, government spokesman Jerzy Urban tokia press conference. But Mr. Urban said out of 4,510 people to whom passports were offered only 1,079, including 300 former internees plus their families, had actually left the country. This was partly because Western states were applying strict condition: on granting visas, he added. Last February the authorities said ex-internees would be allowed to leave the country if they wished. Internment was ended on Dec. 23, a week before martial law was suspended. None of the most prominent figures of the Solidarity. trade union, whose political challenge prompted the military takeover, has left.

Sandinistas arrest deputy minister

MANAGUA (R) — Nicaragua's left-wing Sandmista authorities have arrested Deputy Justice Minister Alberto Gamez Ortega on suspicion of leaking state secrets and snuggling industrial machinery out of the country, the interior ministry said. Ministry spokesman Eliar Rodriguez told a press conference here that Gamez had been under arrest since Dec. 11, when he was stripped of his post. According to the interior ministry, Gamez dismantled a bakery he owned in Managua and smuggled it piecemeal across the border to Costa Rica where he intended to open a new bakery.

U.S. court rebuffs administration

WASHINGTON (R) - The U.S. Supreme Court, in a major rebuff to the Reagan administration, has refused to review a constant 1971 rating on mandatory basing. The court rejected without comment a Justice Department request that it modify the roling, under which local courts can order the busing of students to distant schools to overcome racial segregation. The administration argued that the practice has often proved incifeether in moting racial balance, has needlessly disrupted scheme and many whites to leave the public school system. As an alternative, it has proposed getting black and white students to mingle voluntarily by establishing advanced schools in predominantly black neighbourhoods and schools stressing basic skills in white areas. But civil rights organisations and the government's own commission on civil rights have rejected that plan as a return to the "separate but equal" school-nature outlined in 1954.

Rotting cheese upsets Swedish police

STROMSUND, Sweden (R) — A tonne of stinking goats cheese is sotting in a Swedish police station, to the discomfort of local must have a decision before the rats get here," he told Reuters.

Greeks unite to reform old-fashioned family law

Court rebutts British Labour

ATHENS (R) - Greece's par- whether the legal abolition of the liament, in a rare show of unity, has unanimously approved a ents making marriage settlements sweeping reform of this country's old-fashined family law, making divorce much easier, guaranteeing sexual equality in marriage, and ending discrimination against

illegitimate children. The new law won broad approval from the ruling Socialat a session which ended Tuesday. It also abolishes the dowry, a centuries-old tradition, as a compulsory legal requirement in mar-

For the first time in Greece's modern history, couples will be able to get divorced by consent. Under the old system, there were strictly defined grounds, including bigamy, adultery and responsible for a marriage's breakdown.

Lepers were among the few categories of people who could sue for divorce citing their own responsibility. Husbands and wives who had

agreed on divorce often went through elaborate charades where each proved the other guilty for the breakdown of their marriage. "The whole process was very undignified, and we wanted to put

a stop to this," said Prof. Alice

Marangopoulou, a leading woman academic who advised the government in the drafting of the new Divorce can now be obtained almost automatically for "dead marriages" where husband and

BY CHARLES GOREN

@1982 Tribune Company Syndicate, Inc.

Q.1-As South, vulnerable,

AK74 ♥A93 ♦6 **AK873**

The bidding has proceeded:

South West North East

1 Pass 1 ♦ Pass

Q.2—Neither vulnerable, as

♦6 ♥Ã954 ♦QJ92 ♦K1073

The bidding has proceeded:

Q.3-Both vulnerable, as

48 ♥AQJ92 ♦AJ3 4AQJ9

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

Pass Pass .1 ♥ Pass

3 ♥ Pass 4 4 · Pass

North East South West

What do you bid now?

What do you bid now?

South you hold:

3 4 Pass ?

South you hold:

you hold:

wife have lived apart for four

dowry would in practice stop paron their daughters.

Substantial dowries - land for farmers' daughters and often new apartment for the daughters of the middle class-are a widespread and deeply-ingrained social custom in Greece.

But supporters of the new law ists. Moscow-line Communists said they wanted to stop people viewing marr transaction.

> Technically, a woman can now sue her husband for not giving equal weight to her views on matters affecting their children, like education.

Other provisions raise the minimum age when women can marry from 14 to 18, and allow married women to retain their maiden name.

The new law also reforms the old inheritance rights, whereby illegitimate children did not inherit as big a proportion of their parents' property as legitimate ones. Now they are brought into line with legitimate children.

Church sources say a major split has developed within Greece's powerful orthodox church between prelates who strongly oppose the divorce reform and those who do not.

An opposition deputy, Nilos Katsaros, criticised the government for not consulting the church before drafting the law. For centuries, both under the Byzantine empire and under Ottoman Turkish rule, the church had total power in matters of Lawyers said they doubted divorce in Greece.

GOREN BRIDGE

4 ♥ Pass ?

South you hold:

2 Pass ?

South you hold:

South you hold:

Dble 3 ♥ ?

Pass ?

What action do you take?

QA-Neither vulnerable, as

♦KJ763 ♥AQ82 ♦92 ♦74

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 NT Pass 2 Pass

Q.5-Both vulnerable, as

♦AQJ93 ♥6 ♦K1095 **♦85**4

The bidding has proceeded:

East South West North

1 7 1 4 Pass 3 4

What action do you take?

Q.6-Neither vulnerable, as

◆92 ♥J76 ♦KJ10854 **◆**103

The bidding has proceeded:

North East South West

1 ◆ Pass Pass 2 ♡

What action do you take?

What do you bid now?

Ghanaians wait in Benin till Togo border is opened

SEME, Nigeria (R) — Thousands of Ghanaians expelled from Nigeria have massed inside neighbouring Benin, with the border into Togo, the next hurdle on their homeward journey, still

The scene at the frontier was like a refugee camp with hundreds of men, women and children arriving in buses overloaded with passengers and goods.

Benin opened the crossing at Seme, 80 kilometres west of Lagos, last Sunday evening after thousands had set up camp on the

Nigerian side. At least one million Ghanaians deemed to be illegal aliens have been given until next weekend to

Along with expelled illegal aliens from 14 other members of the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) they face a difficult land journey

Benin had said no Ghanaians

leave Nigeria.

Chara closed its land borders with neighbouring Togo, Ivory Coast and Upper Volta last September, saying the action was necessary to stop drug trafficking.

would be allowed to cross until Ghana reopened its own borders, but later appeared to relent. Once inside Benin the Ghanaians faced protracted haggl-

ing with bus owners charging four times the normal fare to make the 200 kilometre trip to the Togo

Benin officials said Togo would refuse to let them in until Ghana reopened its frontiers.

While those with money joined a huge bargaining throng in a car park near the border, others slept by the roadside, some saying they hoped some government would sent trucks to take them on their

Diplomats in Nigeria said there was serious concern for their safety and robberies and attacks had been reported. A family of six told Reuters they

had been waiting at the border for five days and were running out of the food and money. Youths from the Nigerian city of Benin, southeast of Lagos, were

wearing real ribbons, to signify they felt in danger. One man and his seven cousins who had worked at a steel plant at Ajakouta, north of Lagos, said they were attacked in the night by men with knives who took their

eyewitness accounts of violence. According to some local observers the Ghanaians have been expelled to create more jobs for Nigerians in the runup to national and presidential elections.

Bolivia's arrest of Altmann

starts speculation about trial LONDON (R) - The arrest in it had requested Altmann's extradition from Bolivia the pre-Bolivia of convicted Nazi war criminal Klaus Altmann in convious May. A month before the nection with an unpaid debt has touched off speculation of yet another attempt to bring the socalled "butcher of Lyons" to jus-

Altmann, 69, Alias Klaus Barbie, fled Europe after World War II and became a Bolivian citizen in

tice in Europe.

As Nazi Gestapo chief in Lyons, France, from 1942 to 1944, he was accused of murdering hundreds of French resistance fighters.

According to French press reports, Altmann saved himself at the end of World War II by surrendering to advancing American troops and receiving their pro-tection in return for information, including names of his associates and informers.

Numerous Gestapo members were tried in their absence by French courts after the war, including Altmann, who was sentenced to death.

In 1975, Altmann won a case in the Bolivian supreme court against a French request for his extradition which had begun three years earlier with a personal letter from then French President Georges Pompidou to his Bolivian counterpart of the time, Hugo Banzer.

In a letter to a Bolivian newspaper after the hearing, he thanked his lawyers for defending him and praised the supreme court for rejecting the extradition request "against a German citizen who had only complied with his patriotic duties in wartime like any other citizen."

In 1979, after a long debate, the West German parliament voted to continue prosecution of Nazis for World War II crimes by abolishing the statue of 30-year limitation on bringing murderers to trial. If the statute had been retained,

no new investigations into Nazi

murderers would have been poss-

Last August, Bonn announced

ible after Dec. 31, 1979.

West German announcement, Altmann made headlines when he became the first non-government figure to be received by Bolivia's then new military president, Gen. Guido Vildoso. Gen. Vildoso's term was short-

lived and there were reports in October from the southeastern Bolivian city of Santa Cruz that Altmann had fled the country, apparently for fear of being extradited by the new leftist-led government of President Hernan Siles Zuazo.

That story proved incorrect and sources close to the new government said on Oct. 15 that he was still in the country.

France has made no fresh effort to seek Altmann's extradition since the supreme court case failed in La Paz, but the foreign ministry says it supports Bonn's latest

For its part. Bonn still wants him for trial. "Our May request still stands, though as far as we are aware, Bolivia has not decided on the matter," a West German foreign ministry spokesman said Wednesday in commenting on Altmann's detention. "We don't see Altmann's arrest as meaning that extradition is under way and we have no documentation to suggest that."

On Jan. 15, Bolivian legal officials said public prosecutor Hernando Acha Siles, claiming an extradition treaty with Germany had been in force since 1889, had made a new application to the supreme court to extradite Altmann. A file was opened on Altmann.

by West German justice officials in 1960 but his trail did not become warm until 1971 when Nazi hunter Beate Klarsfeld entered the case. Working with Munich pro-

secutor Manfred Ludolph, she turned up documents strongly suggesting that Barbie and Altmann were the same person.

was threatened by woman Marx estate, alleged that Miss panion of Goucho Marx Fleming obtained cash, two homes

edian testified.

Fleming, his comapnion for the final seven years of his life, exhousekeeper John Ballow said. "She wasn't a total vampure, but

Mr. Ballow, who worked for

alleged death threat took place in Marx's bedroom when she was attempting to getalish to sign che-

offigers, while authorities ponder whether it is needed as evidence characteristic factorists of Svante Sundberg said a dairy had alleged than a driver employed to dispose of a 50 tonne consignment of cheese damaged in a fire and declared unfit for human consumption had sold large smounts instead. He said his officers in this northwest Swedish town could not dump the rotting evidence antil local authorities and the district court decided whether charges-would be pressed. "The whole of this story stinks. We

Edited by Herk Etterson

THE WEEKEND CROSSWORD

RIRD WATCHING By Bert H. Krute

19 X 19. by H.

- strap 5 Ple - mode

Diseased aged pine tree suffered from some high turpe Heay kind fish watchers at squarium were shocked by

. CRYPTOGRAMS

NIIT YDPFMUKL DY DP E THIGEHDUAY TUYD-BAND CONER RESSETCLEND ALJ BATJDG DSLY-

FISAVOUR OXTLEUON NYROLEUO: GINGO-GONG-YEF GEO VONNOUGN YE I XANE FAKUSOG

4 HSZ, ABDJZY WBDO WGBVL VIZOVY PIKO "GRO FGGL CBAR LOPOAKOP QRGCSOA" Q LJL



7 255

Lest Week's Cryptograms

L'CARAMOTEDO OMENDUR TEMPIN ER KOT UC

A SOOD OTHYJOTED CTN AEBJDSC. UONGIEUIRG.

MOARE BOH CHIPC.

